



Standard Bank Group

FINANCIAL RESULTS PRESENTATION

FY21

11 March 2022



01

FY21 OVERVIEW

2021 operating environment

A recovery year – pandemic-related restrictions were rolled back, activity recovered, and demand drove growth



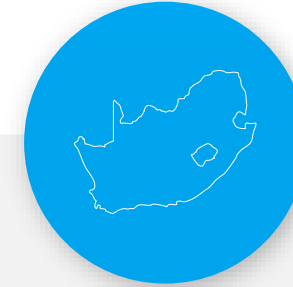
Globally

- Global recovery, +5.9% real GDP growth¹
- Recovery growth rates differed – impacted by differing levels of stimulus and vaccination rates
- Increased demand, combined with supply disruptions, drove up inflation
- The threat of policy tightening drove volatility
- Climate change agenda was amplified



Sub-Saharan Africa

- SSA recovery, +4.0% real GDP growth¹
- Vaccine rollout has been slow, and further Covid-19 outbreaks disrupted the recovery across the region
- Commodity-exporting economies benefited from high prices driven by strong demand and supply disruptions
- Interest rates increased in Ghana, Mozambique, South Africa and Zambia
- Increased focus on the region's transition to sustainable growth



South Africa

- SA real GDP growth was upgraded to 4.9%¹, but fiscal risks remain
- Successive infection waves disrupted the recovery, but less so than in 2020
- Social grants provided support
- Individuals have capacity for credit
- Electricity disruptions and social unrest (July 21) impacted confidence
- Commodity exports supported tax collections and the trade account

¹Global and sub-Saharan Africa's growth based in International Monetary Fund, January 2022, South Africa based on Statistics South Africa, March 2022



FY21 Highlights

A strong rebound in earnings driven by continued franchise growth, 2025 targets on track



Financial highlights – weathered the pandemic and the group’s recovery is well underway

- Record pre-provision operating profit in 2H21
- Headline earnings reflecting a strong recovery, **R25.0bn, +57%**
- Return on equity improved to **13.5%**
- Net asset value increased **13%**
- Robust CET1 ratio, **13.8%**
- Final dividend of **511 cents per share**, 60% payout in 2H21 enabled by strong capital generation

Strategic progress – delivering what we set out to do

- 1 **Core franchise growth** – across all client segments and solutions underpinned by an expanded digital offering and excellent service
- 2 **New business opportunities** – focus on scaling digital payments, platforms and partnerships
- 3 **Diligent resource prioritisation** – simplifying the group, tight cost management and targeted investment

We are on track to deliver our 2025 targets

Client franchise growth

Strong client acquisition, strong market share positions and improving client experience ratings



Client franchise

CHNW

16m active customers

+8%

BCC

761k active customers

+5%

CIB

Client revenue, CCY

+6%

- Attracting clients through our holistic, relevant and personalised solutions
- Driving primacy and retention through engagement
- Driving digital adoption for client convenience and to lower cost

Market positions

- **#1 in mortgages, card, deposits** in SA
- **#1 CIB franchise** in Africa, by revenue and assets, FX, ZAR debt and DCM, Investor services/ custody¹
- **#3 Asset manager** in Africa, R1.4trn AUM²
- **#1 Pension Fund manager** in Nigeria
- **Raging Bull** – Best Offshore Manager³
- **EMEA Finance** – Best African Inv. Bank⁴
- **Efma** - Best SME bank in South Africa⁵
- **Brand Finance** - most valuable Bank Brand in Africa

- Leveraging our strengths, e.g. mortgages in SA, GM in Africa, and our sizeable insurance and investment businesses
- Defend and grow through deliberate risk appetite and resource allocation

Client satisfaction⁶

CHNW Net promoter score



BCC Net promoter score



CIB Client satisfaction score

8.2

remained high and above avg in Ghana, Mauritius & Tanzania

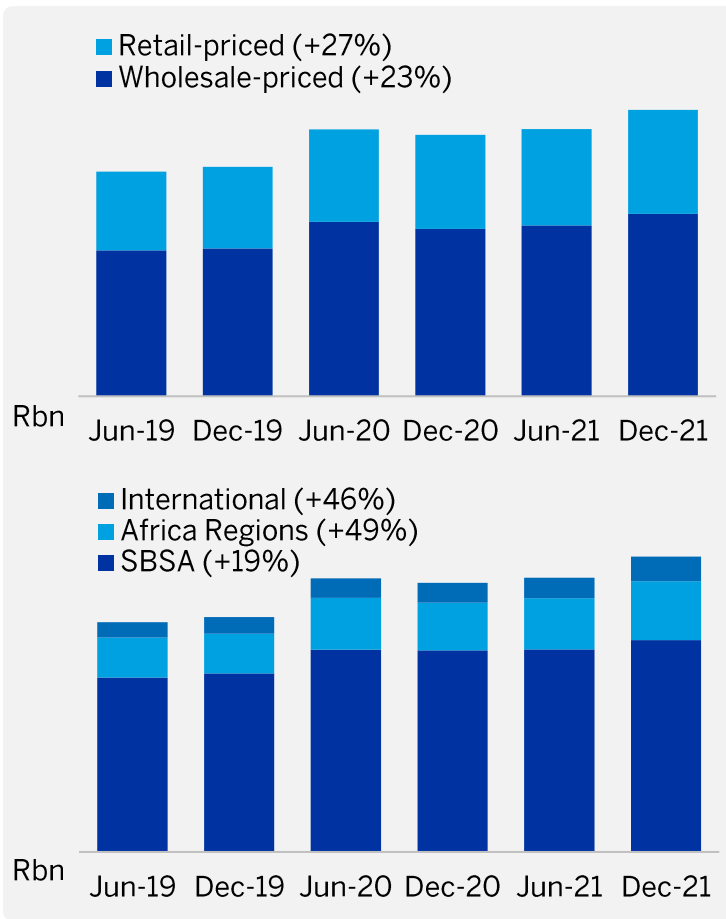
¹#1 in FX market share in most presence countries, #1 in ZAR debt and DCM in South Africa, #1 in Investor services/ custody, ²Based on assets under management/ under administration and offshore deposits, ³Melville Douglas Raging Bull Offshore Manager of the year Award, ⁴EMEA Finance 2021 African Banking Awards, recognised as best investment bank in 8 countries as well as Pan-Africa, ⁵Silver award for best SME bank and gold award for best SME banker, ⁶Stanbic IBTC Retail & SME was ranked #1 in KPMG Nigeria Banking Industry customer experience survey, up from 9th in 2020

Client-driven balance sheet growth

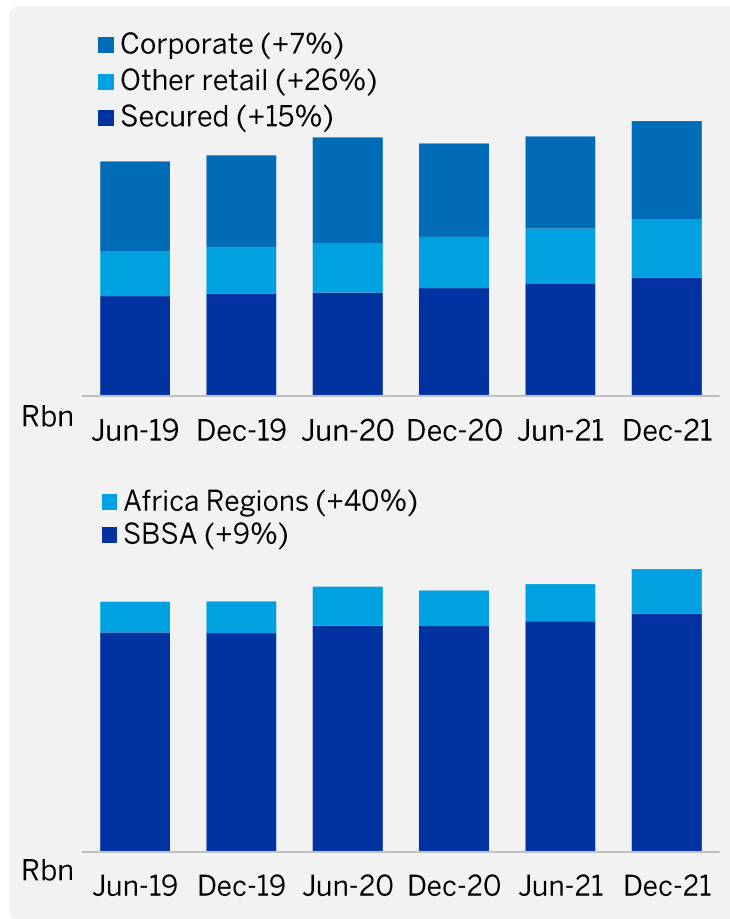
We have consciously managed our risk appetite in order to continue to support our clients through the pandemic



Customer deposits, Rbn¹



Gross customer loans, Rbn¹



Key takeouts

Customer deposits, +25%¹

- Strong growth in retail-priced deposits
- Wholesale funding managed in line with demand and cost
- Robust growth across all three regions; Africa Regions and International up significantly

Customer loans, +14%¹

- Retail book growth outstripped corporate; other retail boosted by business lending in Africa Regions
- SBSA growth dampened by low growth in the corporate book on the back of a subdued investment environment
- Strong growth in the Africa Regions loan book, in line with capital allocation strategy

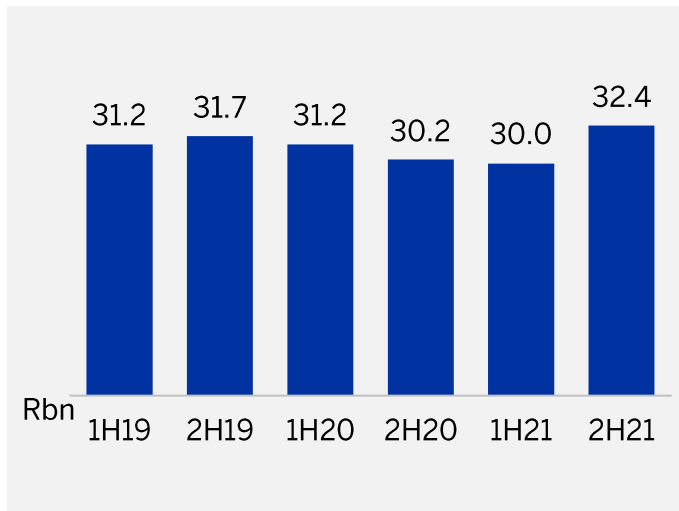
¹All percentage changes are from 31 December 2019 to 31 December 2021

Franchise momentum driving top line growth

Record performance across NII, NIR and PPOP in 2H21

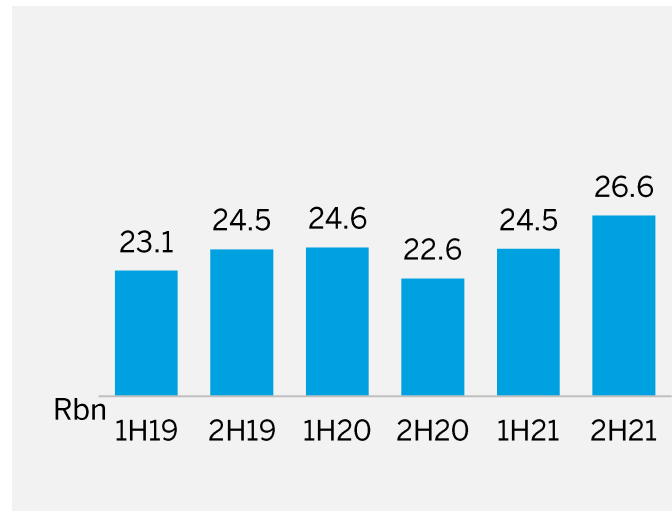


Net interest income, Rbn



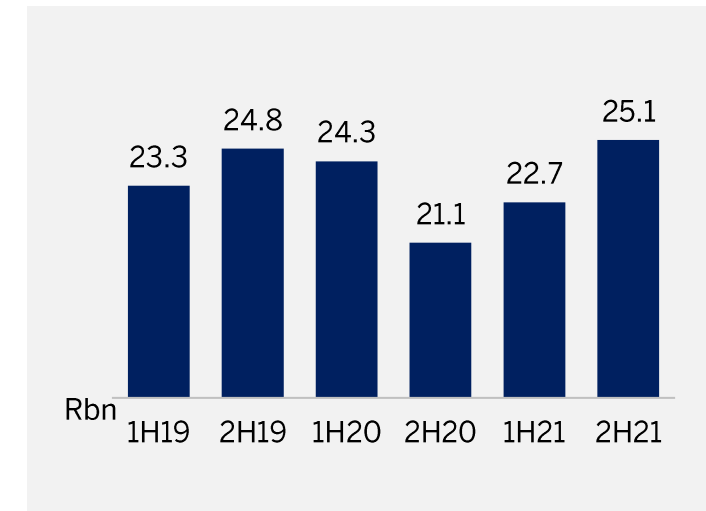
- Consistent credit appetite providing a strong average asset base
- Margin expansion, driven by favourable loan and deposit mix
- Record NII despite R9bn of net negative endowment¹

Non-interest revenue, Rbn



- Recovery in client spend and transaction activity
- Continued growth in Insurance and Investment businesses²
- Boosted by a strong trading performance

Pre-provision operating profit, Rbn



- Strong recovery in revenue, FY21 exceeding FY19 levels
- Costs well managed, +4% in FY21 including ongoing investment in our digital solutions and execution capability

¹Cumulative net endowment impact

²Diversified revenue streams above pre-covid levels; insurance revenue growth underpinned by strong growth in policies and gross written premium more than offsetting higher claims

Expanding payments & partnerships

Well placed to benefit as payments evolves and partnering to deliver market-leading solutions



Modernising and digitising payments

- **We are a significant player** in payments on the continent – we facilitate the full range of transactions from large corporate payments, bulk settlements to individual wallet transfers
- **Payments is evolving**, driven by regulation and competition; including rapid payments
- **We are well placed to drive change** and benefit from the opportunities presented, for example higher liabilities from de-cashing



Expanding our partnership network

- Strategic partnerships with **34 FinTechs** to enable accelerated delivery of innovation across a range of solutions; both front-end and back-end
- Building out our capabilities and skills base with **AWS, Microsoft, and Salesforce**
- Leveraging our **Founders Factory Africa** initiative to find and incubate African start-ups
- Most recently, we added **Flutterwave** to our list of partners to enhance the digital payment experiences of our individual, business and institutional clients in 8 African countries



**FOUNDERS
FACTORY
AFRICA**

R100m

commitment to fund,
incubate and scale...

100

African FinTechs
over...

5

years

Diligent resource prioritisation

Focused on operational excellence, including simplification, cost management and targeted resource re-allocation



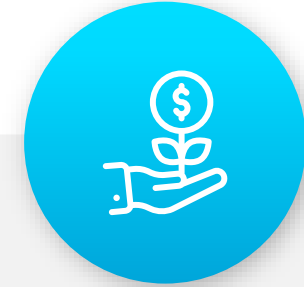
Simplifying the group

- Continued progress on increasing process automation, AI and cloud migration
- Liberty buyout completed, next step integration
- ICBCS's improved performance provides the basis for exit discussions



Tight cost management

- Staff reward based on contribution
- IT costs contained
- Reigned in professional fees as strategic projects came to an end
- Delivered positive jaws



Targeted investment

- Employee resilience - wellness and skills development
- System resilience leveraging cloud and cyber security
- Digital origination and fulfilment
- Data-driven decision making¹

¹ Data-driven decision making – personalised offers, sales and activity tracking, risk management and forecasting

Delivering what we set out to do



1

Core franchise growth

Across all client segments and solutions underpinned by an expanded digital offering and excellent service

2

New business opportunities

Focused on scaling digital payments, platforms and partnerships

3

Diligent resource prioritisation

Simplifying the group, tight cost management and targeted investment



02

GROUP FINANCIAL PERFORMANCE



FY21 financial performance

Strong rebound in earnings driven by continued franchise growth, recovery in activity and a decline in credit charges



Pre-provision operating profit

FY21: **R47.8bn**

FY20: R45.4bn

↑ 5%

Group headline earnings

FY21: **R25.0bn**

FY20: R15.9bn

↑ 57%

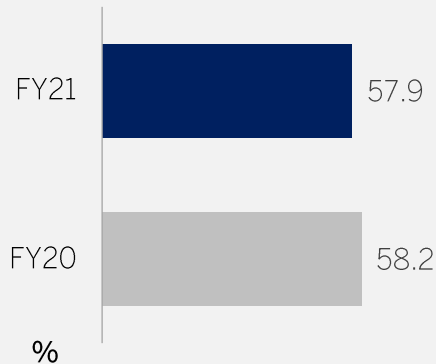
Dividend per share

FY21: **871cps**

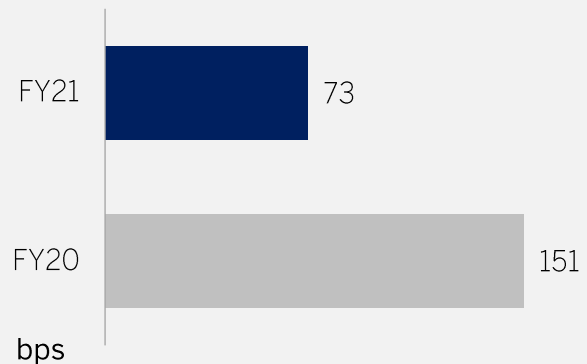
FY20: 240cps

55%
payout

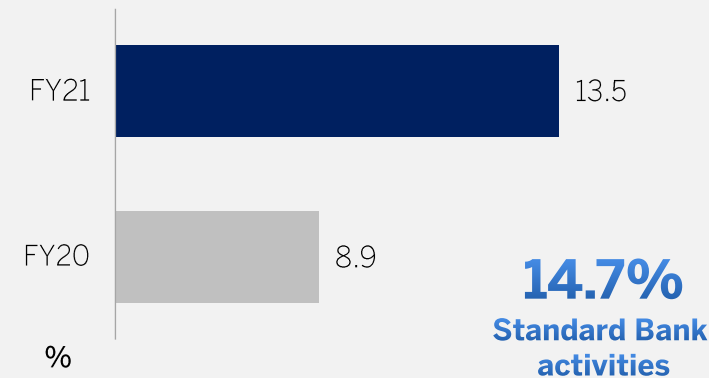
Cost-to-income ratio



Credit loss ratio

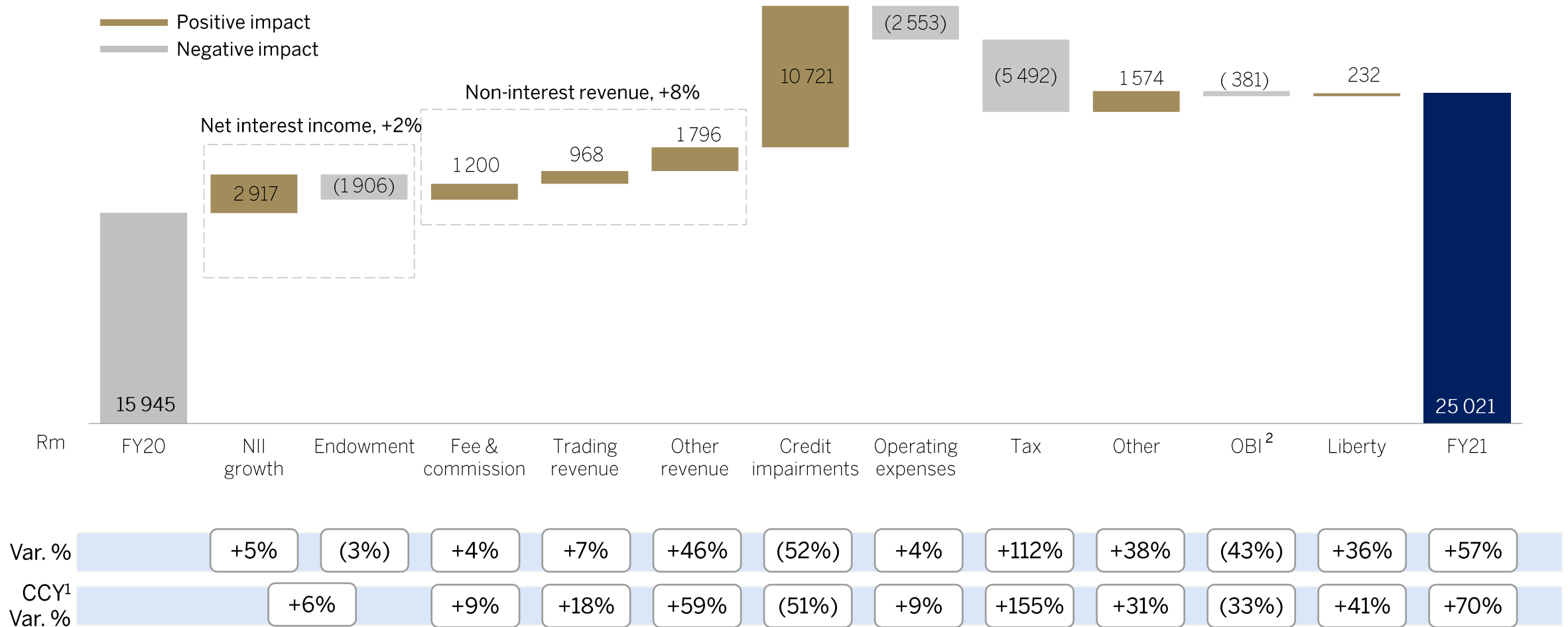


Return on equity



Group headline earnings analysis

Balance sheet growth and a recovery in client activity drove higher revenues, credit impairment charges were lower



¹ Constant currency, ² Other banking interests

Income statement

Revenues above 2019 levels despite considerable endowment drag, robust growth in 2H21 reflective of underlying franchise momentum



	FY21 Rbn	FY20 Rbn	Change %	Change CCY %	FY19 Rbn	Change %¹
Net interest income	62.4	61.4	2	6	62.9	(1)
Non-interest revenue	51.1	47.2	8	16	47.5	8
Total income	113.5	108.6	5	10	110.4	3
Operating expenses	(65.7)	(63.2)	4	9	(62.3)	5
Pre-provision profit	47.8	45.4	5	13	48.1	(1)
Credit impairment charges	(9.9)	(20.6)	(52)	(51)	(8.0)	24
Standard Bank Activities headline earnings	24.9	15.7	59	71	27.2	(8)
Other banking interests	0.5	0.9	(43)	(33)	(0.9)	>100
Liberty	(0.4)	(0.7)	36	41	1.9	(>100)
SBG headline earnings	25.0	15.9	57	70	28.2	(11)
Net interest margin, bps	373	370			431	
Credit loss ratio, bps	73	151			68	
Cost-to-income ratio, %	57.9	58.2			56.4	
Jaws, bps	54	(306)			113	
ROE, %	13.5	8.9			16.8	

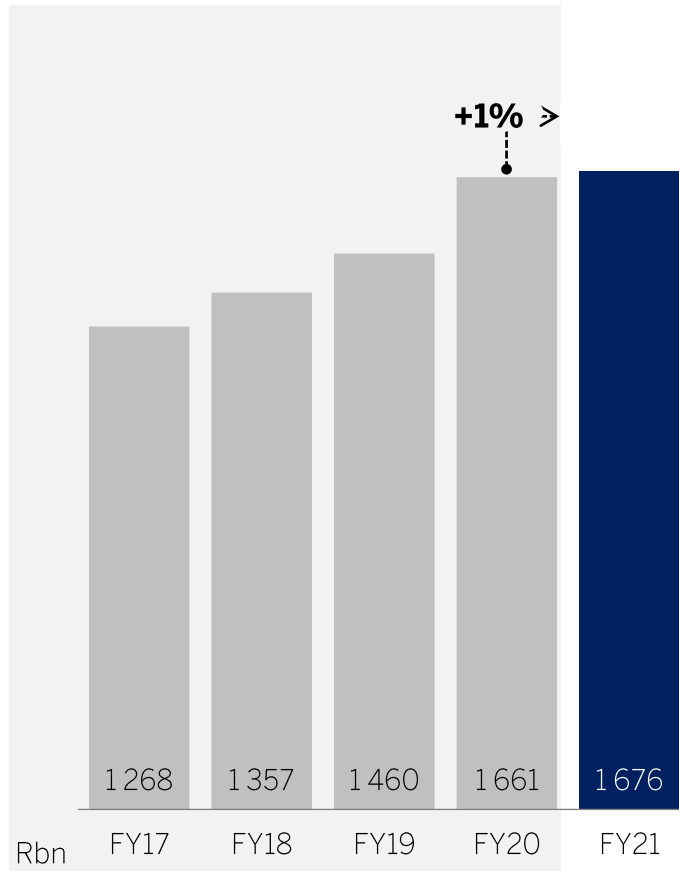
¹ FY21 vs FY19

Average balance sheet

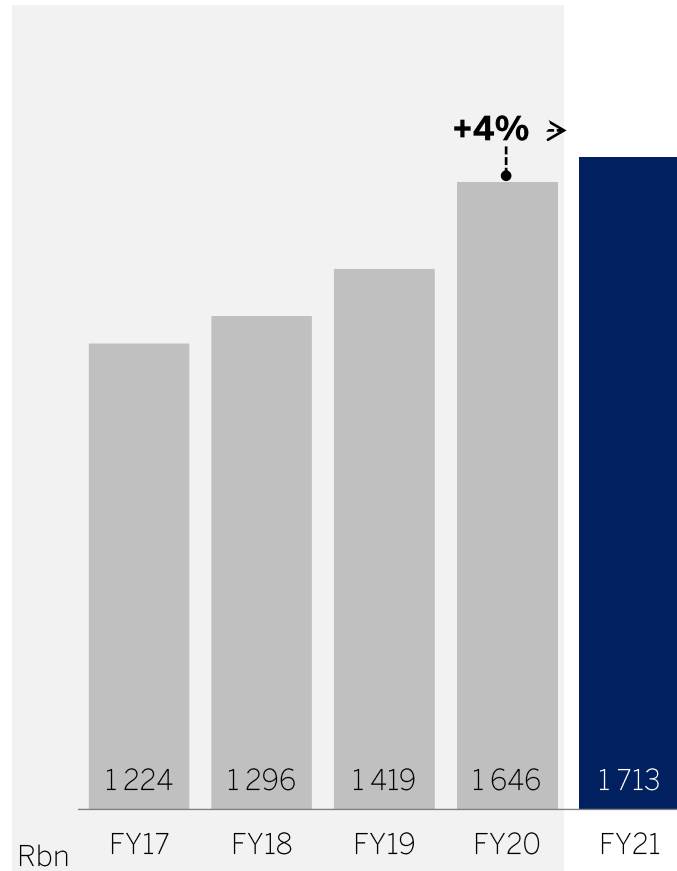
Strong growth in average retail and business portfolios largely offset by lower average corporate book; targeted growth in cheaper retail liabilities



Average interest-earning assets



Average interest-bearing liabilities



Key takeouts

Average interest-earning assets increased in FY21:

- Strong growth in average retail and business portfolios, +9%
- A decline in the average corporate book and other loans, -11%

Average interest-bearing liabilities increased in FY21:

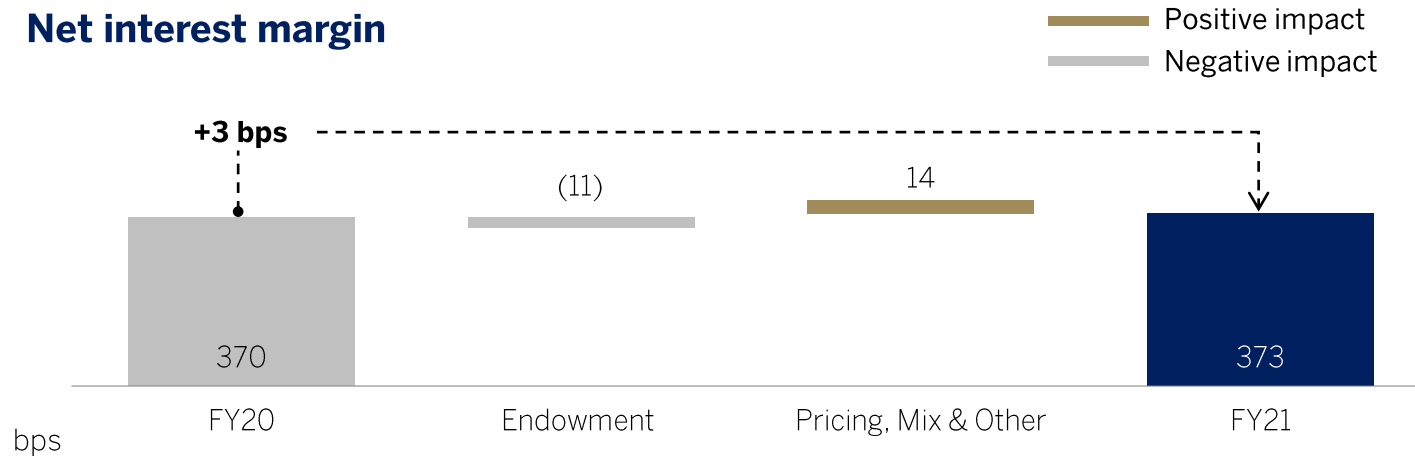
- Strong average growth in cheaper current and savings accounts and cash management and call deposits
- Slow growth in average deposits from banks, and a decline in more expensive market funding i.e. NCDs and subordinated debt

Net interest income

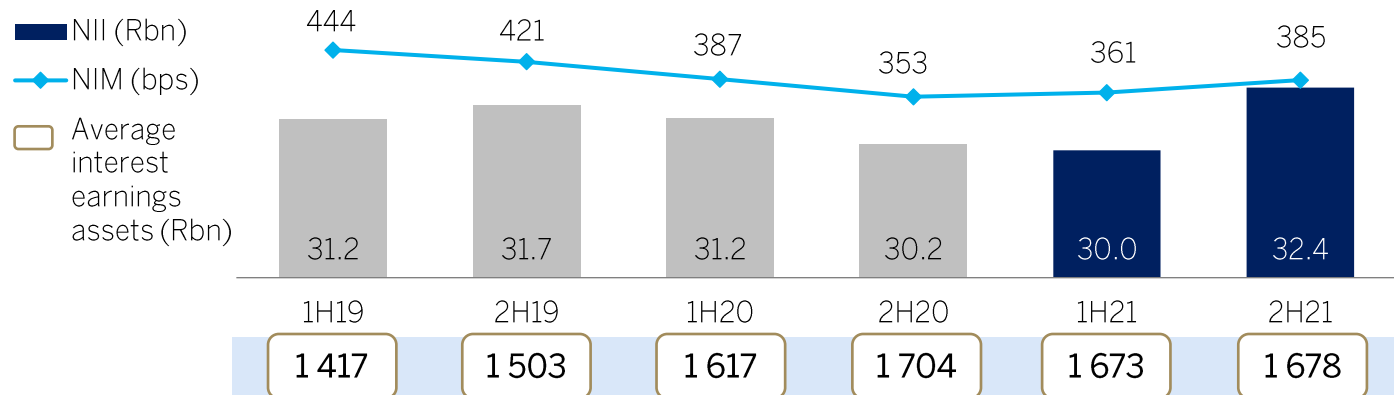
Margin recovery from a low point in 2H20, driven by interest rate increases and mix benefits



Net interest margin



NIM trend HOH¹



¹ Implied based on simple average

Key takeouts

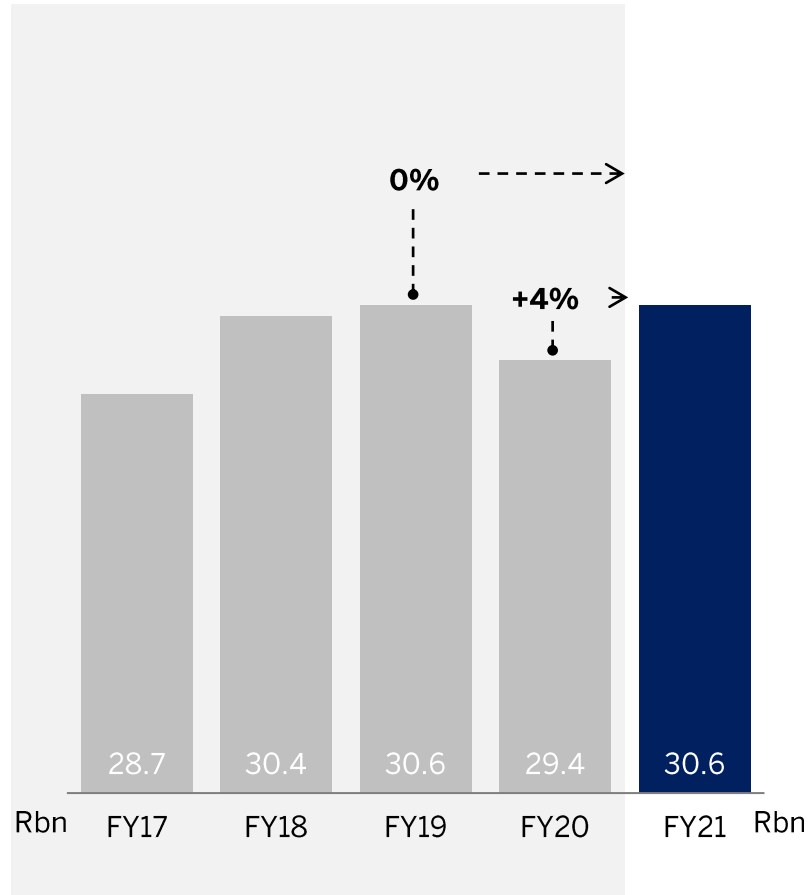
- **Negative endowment impact** much less in FY21 than in FY20 as lower interest rates now in the base
- **Margin pressure** in our International Client Solutions business due to reductions in the USD and GBP interest rates and re-allocation of funds from SBSA post the SA downgrade
- **Positive mix impact** as Africa Regions loans grew faster than South Africa, the retail book grew faster than the corporate book and cost of funding declined more than asset margin

Non-interest revenue

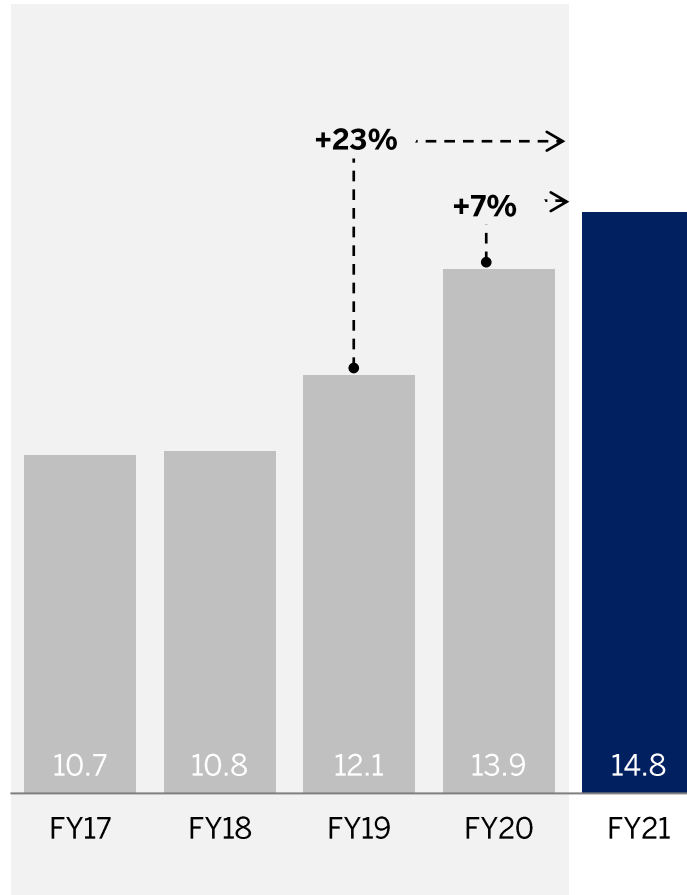
Growth in client franchise, sales and digital activity more than offset downward pricing adjustments; strong South Africa trading performance



Net fee and commission revenue



Trading revenue



Key takeouts

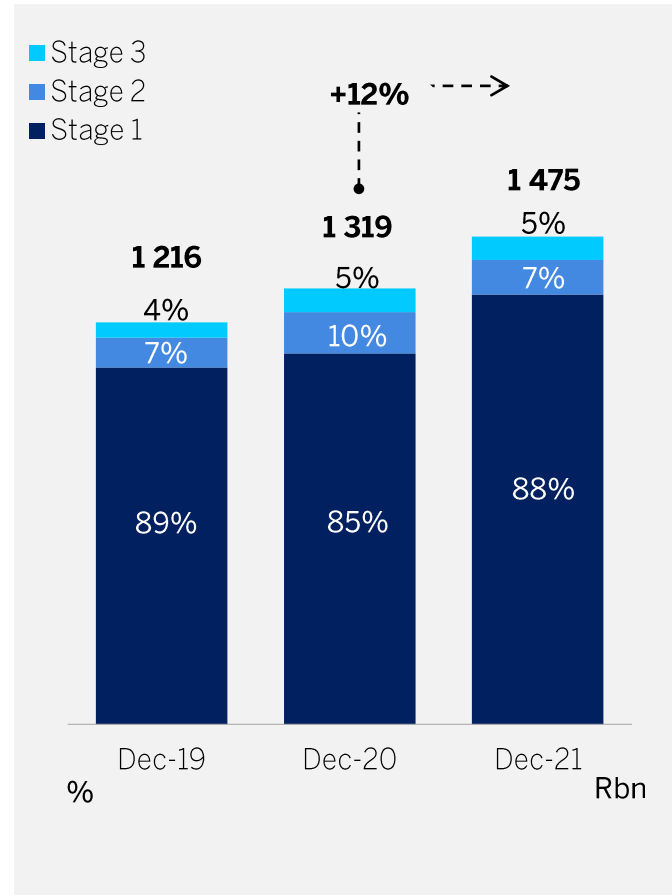
- **Net fee and commission revenue** recovered to FY19 levels as transactional activity and values recovered, mainly in Card (debit and credit) and digital, FX and insurance fees grew double digits. Deliberate pricing adjustments to drive digital were a drag on transaction fees
- **Trading revenue** supported by a strong performance in South Africa, more than offsetting a more normalised performance in Africa Regions in line with lower volatility and fewer client trading opportunities
- **Other revenue** increased as the strong recovery in investment-related revenues was partially offset by the higher credit life and short-term claims
- **Other gains and losses** more than doubled due to valuation gains on the equity investment portfolio vs write-downs in FY20

Gross loans and provisions

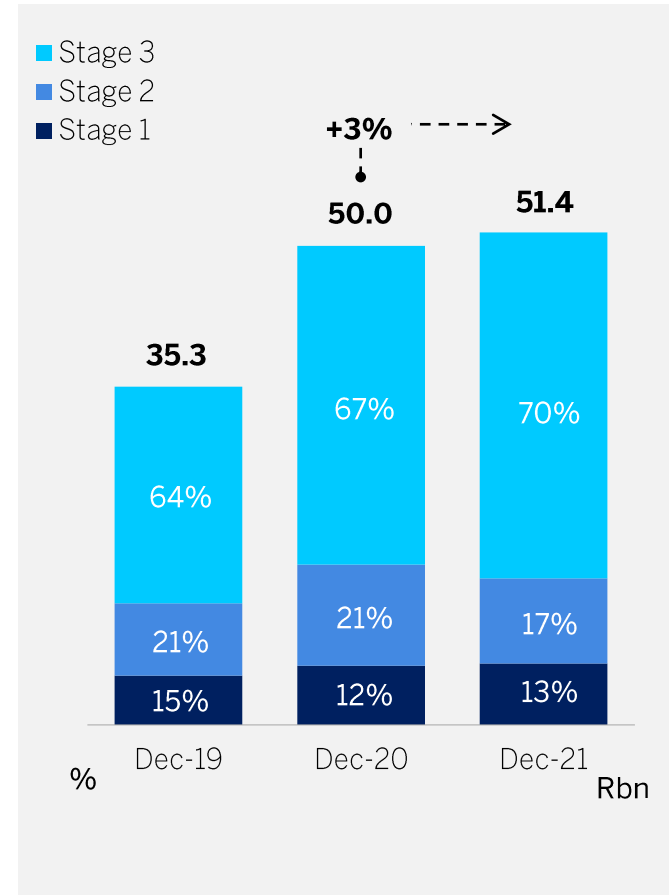
Total coverage and stage 3 ratio declined, but still elevated relative to pre-pandemic levels, stage 3 coverage increased as mix changed



Gross loans and advances¹



Provisions



Key takeouts

Relative to 31 December 2020:

- **Stage 3 ratio** declined as loans previously classified as Stage 3 moved to Stage 1 or 2 or were repaid - the payment holiday portfolios moved to performing, collections strategies implemented, and no new CIB NPLs while others were restructured or repaid
- **Stage 3 coverage** increased as a result of a mix change (increase in credit card and business lending) and higher coverage on remaining Stage 3 loans

	FY19	FY20	FY21
Total coverage	2.9%	3.8%	3.5%
Stage 3 ratio	3.9%	5.5%	4.7%
Stage 3 coverage	48%	46%	52%

¹Based on gross loans and advances and provisions per page 60-65 of the FY21 financial analysis booklet. Group net of interdivisional balances.

Balance sheet provisions

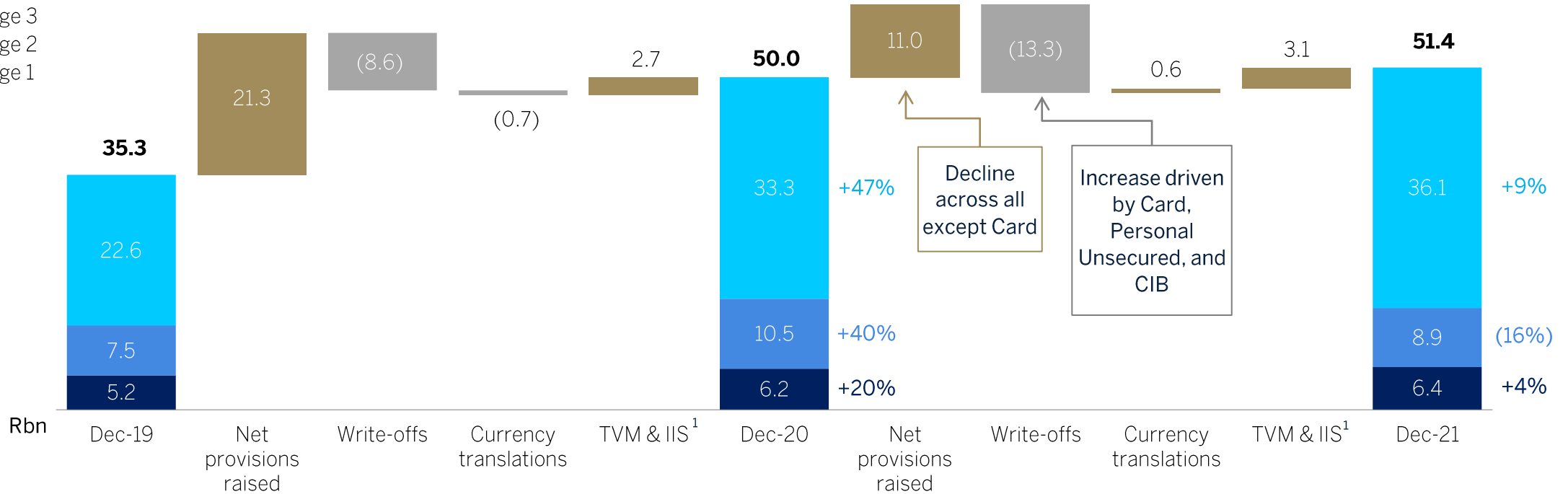
Significant decline in net provisions raised, the write off of legacy exposures and accelerated portfolio sales resulted in increased write offs



Provisions

- Stage 3
- Stage 2
- Stage 1

— Higher
— Lower



Loans ² , Rbn	1 216	1 319	1 475
Total coverage, %	2.9	3.8	3.5

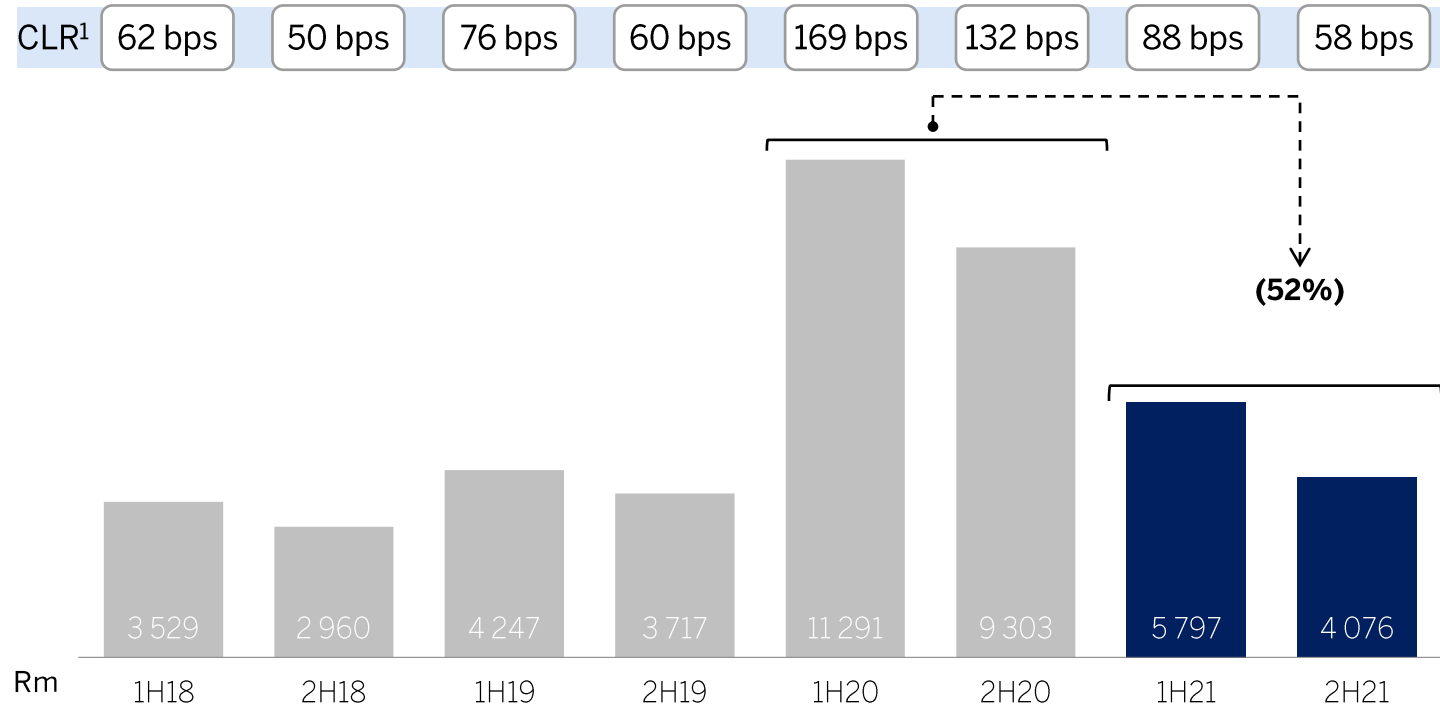
¹ Time value of money and interest in suspense, ² Gross loans and advances at amortised cost

Credit impairment charges – Group

Continued downward trend



Credit impairment charges



Key takeouts

- **Credit impairment charges** declined significantly relative to those incurred in FY20, but remained above pre-pandemic levels
- **Charge drivers** included book growth and higher provisioning on the VAF and card portfolios, in particular the card payment holiday portfolio
- **Forward-looking provisions** were lower due to the improved economic outlook
- **Repayments and recoveries** in the investment banking portfolio led to net credit in the CIB portfolio

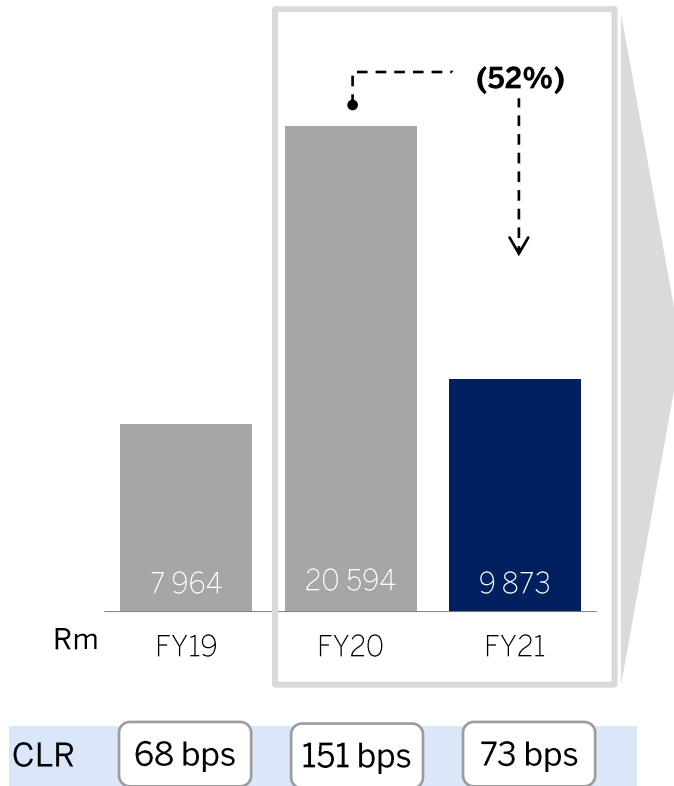
¹Credit loss ratio based on credit impairment charges on loans and advances

Credit impairment charges – Group

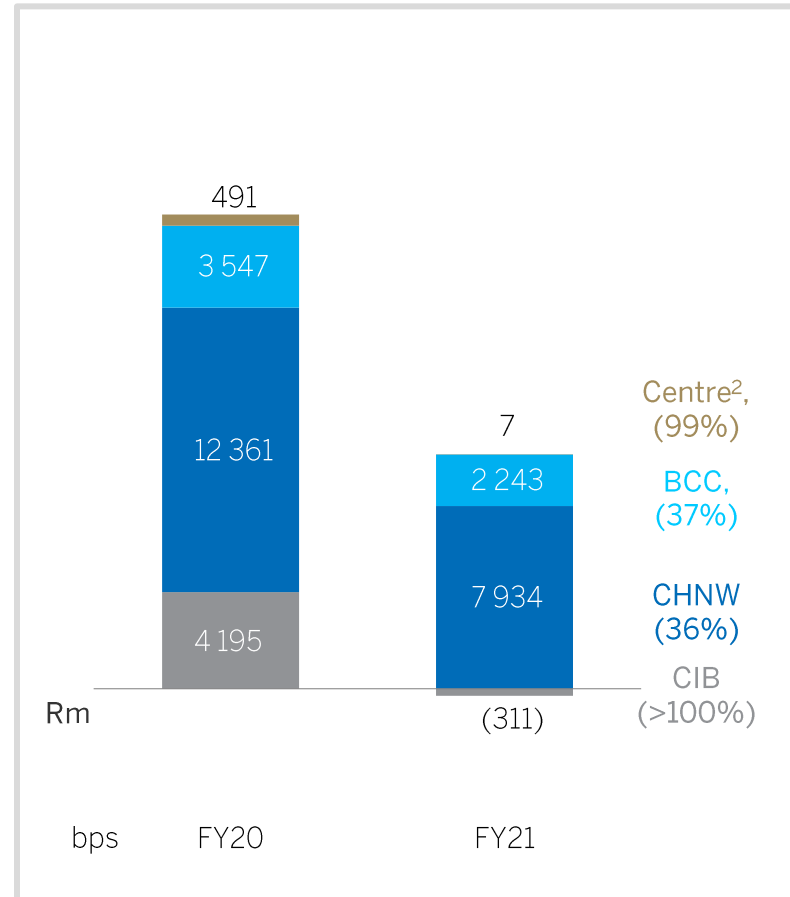
Declines across all 3 client segments



Credit impairment charges



Credit impairment charges, by segment¹



Key takeouts

Consumer & High Net Worth clients

- Decline driven by a strong performance in the payment holiday portfolio
- Partially offset by higher charges in card

Business & Commercial clients

- Decline driven by lower charges in South Africa; partially offset by more normalised charges in Africa Regions

Corporate & Investment Banking clients

- No new large NPLs in the period
- Restructures drove recoveries and repayments

Centre

- Provision raised in FY20 retained due to continued uncertainty

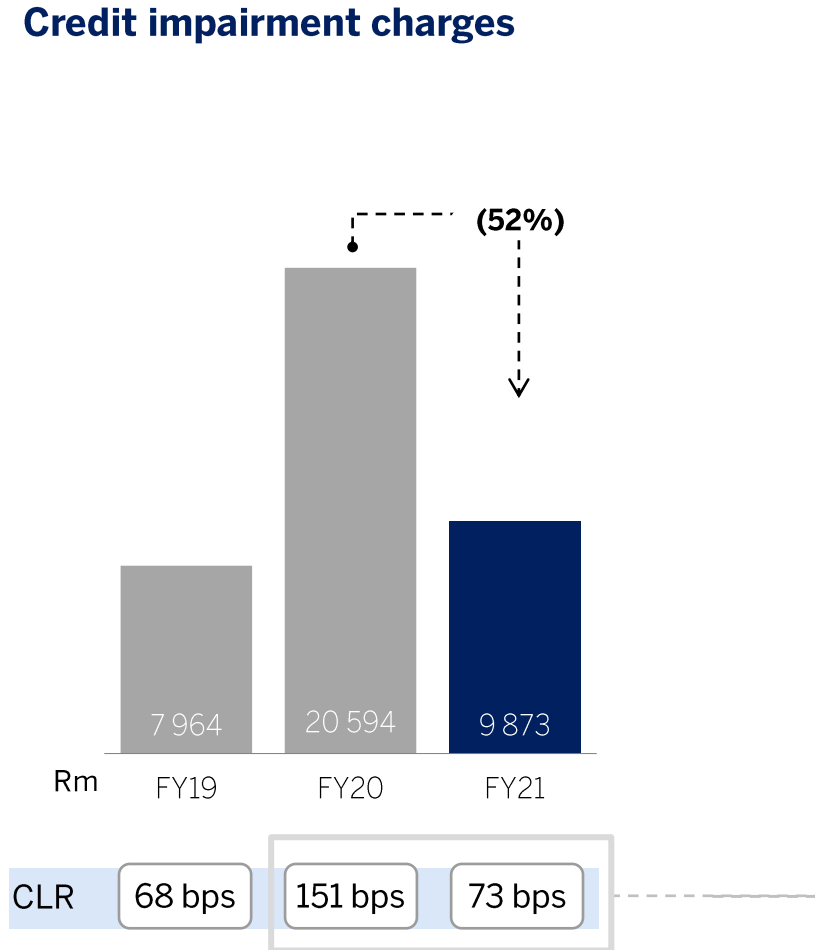
¹ As per financial analysis booklet pages 24 and 25, ² In FY20, Centre includes R500m credit impairment overlay on loans and advances less R9m relating to financial investments

Credit impairment charges – Group

Credit loss ratio at the lower end of the group's through-the-cycle range (70-100bps), aided by a CIB net recovery

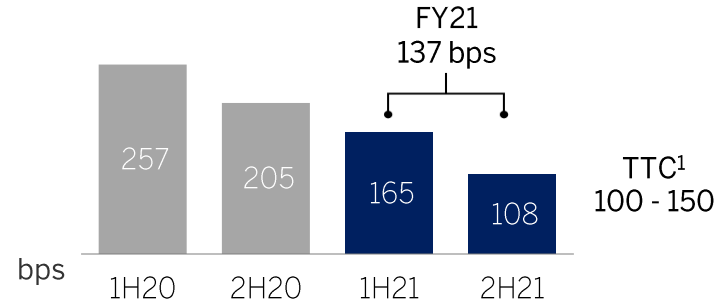


Credit impairment charges

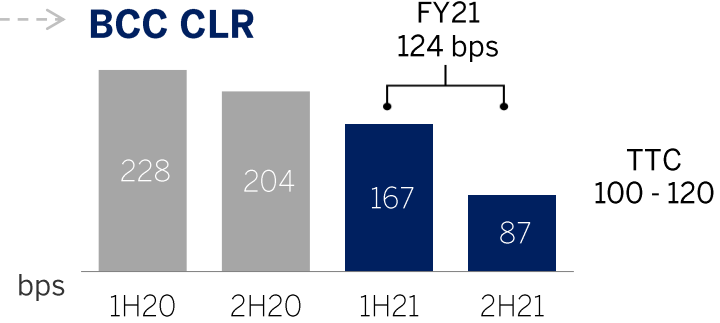


¹ Through-the-cycle credit loss ratio range

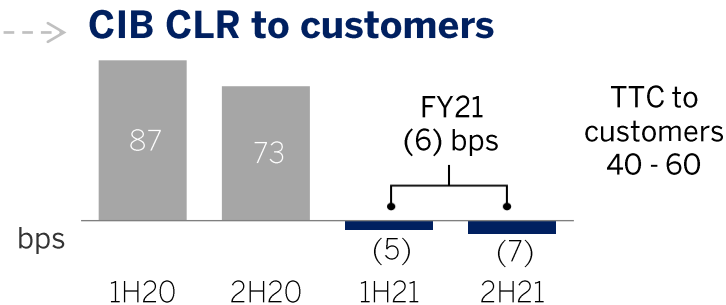
CHNW CLR



BCC CLR



CIB CLR to customers



Key takeouts

Consumer & High Net Worth clients

- CLR improved to within the CHNW TTC¹ range supported by the improved macro environment, focus on credit strategies to improve collections and proactive risk assessment

Business & Commercial clients

- CLR declined to close to the top of the BCC TTC¹ range driven by the non-recurrence of Covid-19 related provisions raised in FY20

Corporate & Investment Banking clients

- Net recovery as a result of no new material defaults and adequate provision made for existing stage 3 exposures in FY20

Operating expenses

Continued focus on rationalising, cost to fund expansion and investment in key development areas



	FY21 Rbn	FY20 Rbn	change %	CCY %
Staff costs	36.6	34.4	7	11
Other operating expenses	29.1	28.8	1	6
IT	9.7	9.5	3	5
Amortisation of intangibles	2.7	2.6	5	6
Depreciation	4.2	4.5	(6)	(2)
Marketing	2.0	1.8	12	15
Premises	1.9	2.0	(3)	1
Professional fees	1.9	2.1	(9)	(7)
Other	6.6	6.4	3	18
Total operating expenses	65.7	63.2	4	9

Key takeouts

Staff costs

- Annual salary increases
- Higher performance-related incentives in line with performance

Other expenses

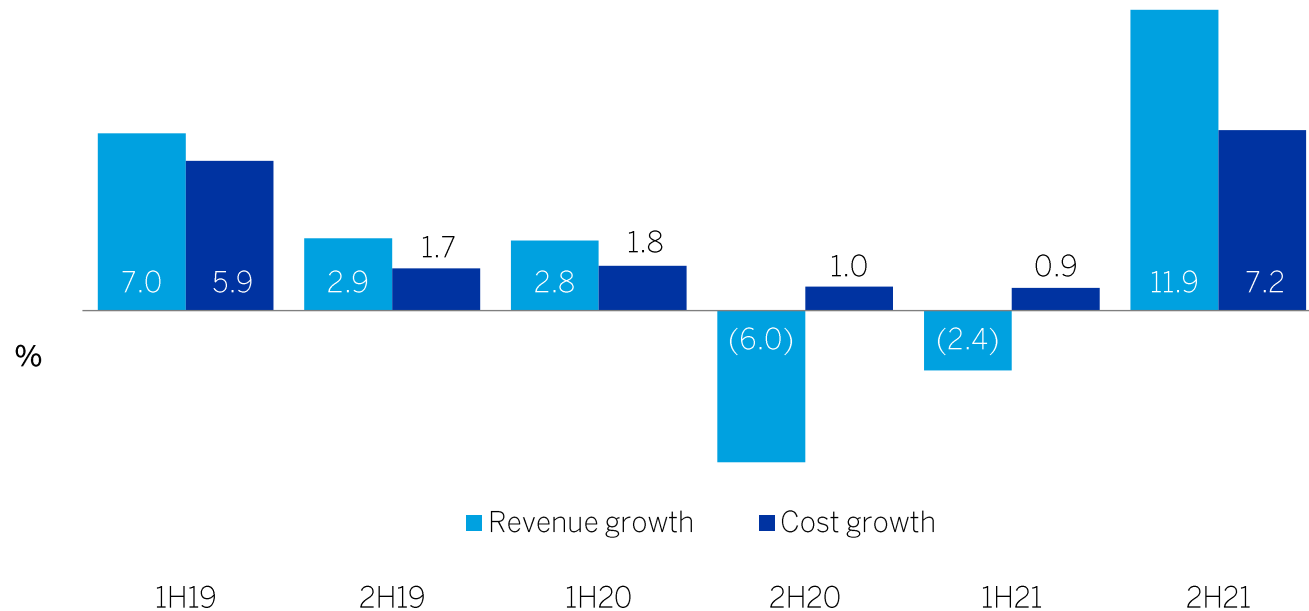
- Continued investment in digital client solutions, digitising processes, cloud migration and data capabilities partially offset by a decline in consultants and decommissioning of legacy systems in line with our “save to invest” approach
- Marketing increased (from a low in FY20) to drive client acquisition and engagement
- Decrease in premises as footprint rationalised (down 77k sqm)

Operational leverage

In 2H21, a strong recovery in revenue more than offset adjusted costs, delivering strong positive jaws



Income and cost growth and jaws



Key takeouts

- **Pre-pandemic** - we achieved positive jaws in the three six-month periods preceding the pandemic
- **Pandemic impact** - the significant decline in activity and declining interest rates placed strain on revenue in 2H20 and 1H21; despite rigorous cost management, including a decrease in incentives, we recorded negative jaws for two consecutive periods
- **Recovery** - in 2H21, activity and revenues rebounded, costs grew reflecting base effects of prior year adjustments, including on incentives, and cost growth remained below revenue growth resulting in strong positive jaws

¹Jaws calculated as revenue growth less cost growth



2.1

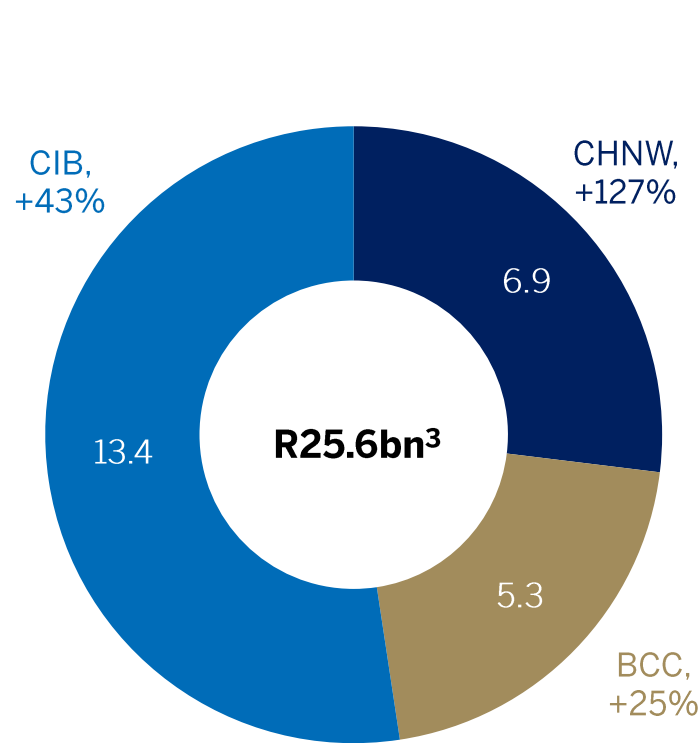
CLIENT SEGMENT, SOLUTION AND REGIONAL RESULTS

Standard Bank activities¹ earnings

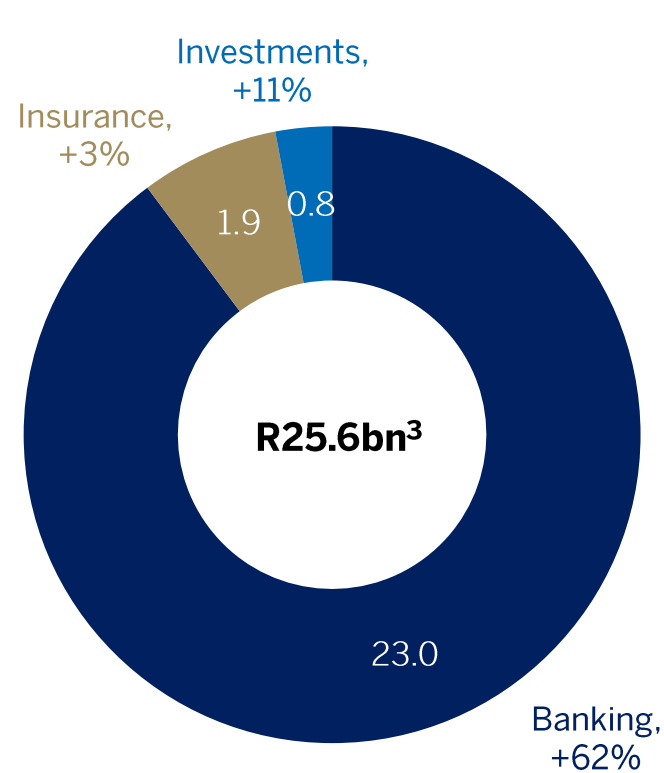
The strength of our franchise and resilience of our earnings is underpinned by our diversification



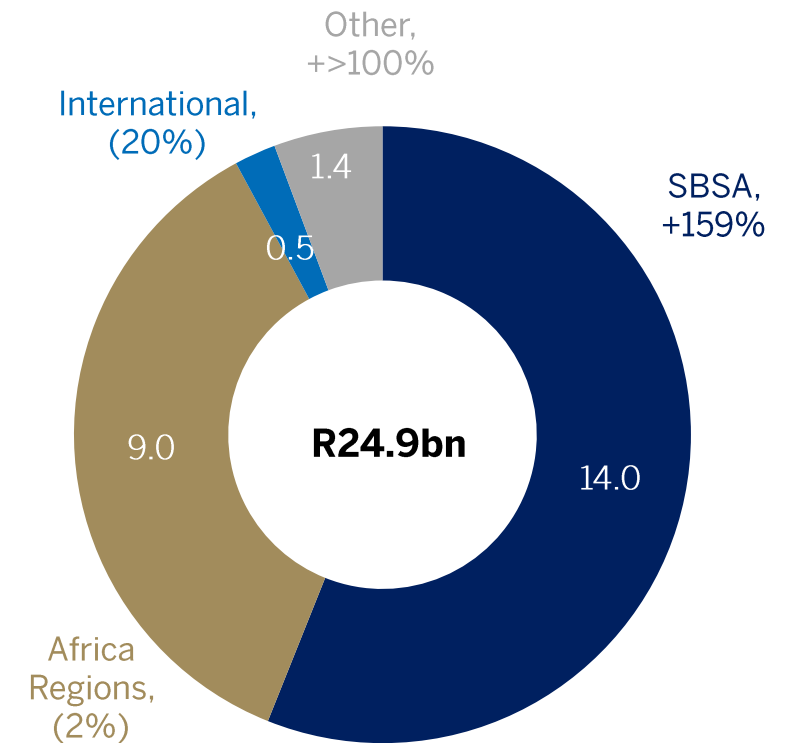
Client segment split, Rbn



Client solution split, Rbn



Regional split, Rbn²



¹ Standard Bank Activities excludes Liberty and ICBCS, ² Regional split based on legal entity, SBSA group as consolidated, ³ Excludes R631m Centre segment costs

Performance by Client Segment

Strong performances by all 3 segments, delivering positive pre-provision operating profit



	CHNW FY21 Rbn	Change %	BCC FY21 Rbn	Change %	CIB FY21 Rbn	Change %
Net interest income	28.6	6	15.5	3	18.7	(4)
Non-interest revenue	19.6	5	10.8	3	21.7	13
Total income	48.2	5	26.3	3	40.4	5
Operating expenses	(29.6)	4	(16.7)	3	(21.5)	3
Pre-provision profit	18.6	6	9.6	2	18.9	7
Credit impairment charges	(7.9)	(36)	(2.2)	(37)	0.3	(>100)
Headline earnings	6.9	>100	5.3	25	13.4	43
Credit loss ratio, bps	137		124		(4)	
Cost-to-income ratio, %	61.5		63.5		53.3	
Jaws, bps	79		(27)		212	
ROE, %	13.9		24.5		19.6	

Performance by Client Solution

Strong recovery in Banking, continued positive performance in Insurance and Investments



	Banking FY21 Rbn	Change %	Insurance¹ FY21 Rbn	Change %	Investments¹ FY21 Rbn	Change %
Net interest income	62.5	2	0.1	(9)	0.2	(6)
Non-interest revenue	44.4	8	4.3	6	3.4	2
Total income	106.9	5	4.4	5	3.6	2
Operating expenses	(63.7)	4	(2.2)	2	(1.9)	2
Pre-provision profit	43.2	6	2.2	8	1.7	2
Credit impairment charges	(9.9)	(51)	(0)	-	(0)	-
Headline earnings	23.0	62	1.9	3	0.8	11
Cost-to-income ratio, %	59.6		50.0		53.2	
Jaws, bps	92		254		19	
ROE, %	17.2		54.5		27.3	

¹ Excluding Liberty

Performance by Region¹

Strong performance by SBSA, Africa Regions robust revenue growth dampened by inflation and a stronger ZAR



	SBSA FY21 Rbn	Change %	Africa Regions FY21 Rbn	Change %	Change CCY %
Net interest income	40.8	3	20.6	1	16
Non-interest revenue	32.2	19	17.4	(5)	12
Total income	73.0	10	37.9	(2)	14
Operating expenses	(45.2)	8	(19.9)	1	18
Pre-provision profit	27.9	13	18.0	(5)	9
Credit impairment charges	(7.8)	(54)	(2.1)	(30)	(14)
Headline earnings	12.9	>100	9.0	(2)	6
Credit loss ratio, bps	68		75		
Cost-to-income ratio, %	62.2		52.6		
Jaws, bps	198		(291)		
ROE, %	12.5		18.2		

Key takeouts

SBSA

- Revenue growth driven by continued momentum in disbursements, higher transactional activity and strong trading revenue
- Credit impairment charges lower driven by lower forward-looking charges, repayments and effective collections strategies
- Continued investment in digital client solutions resulted in an increase in operating expenses

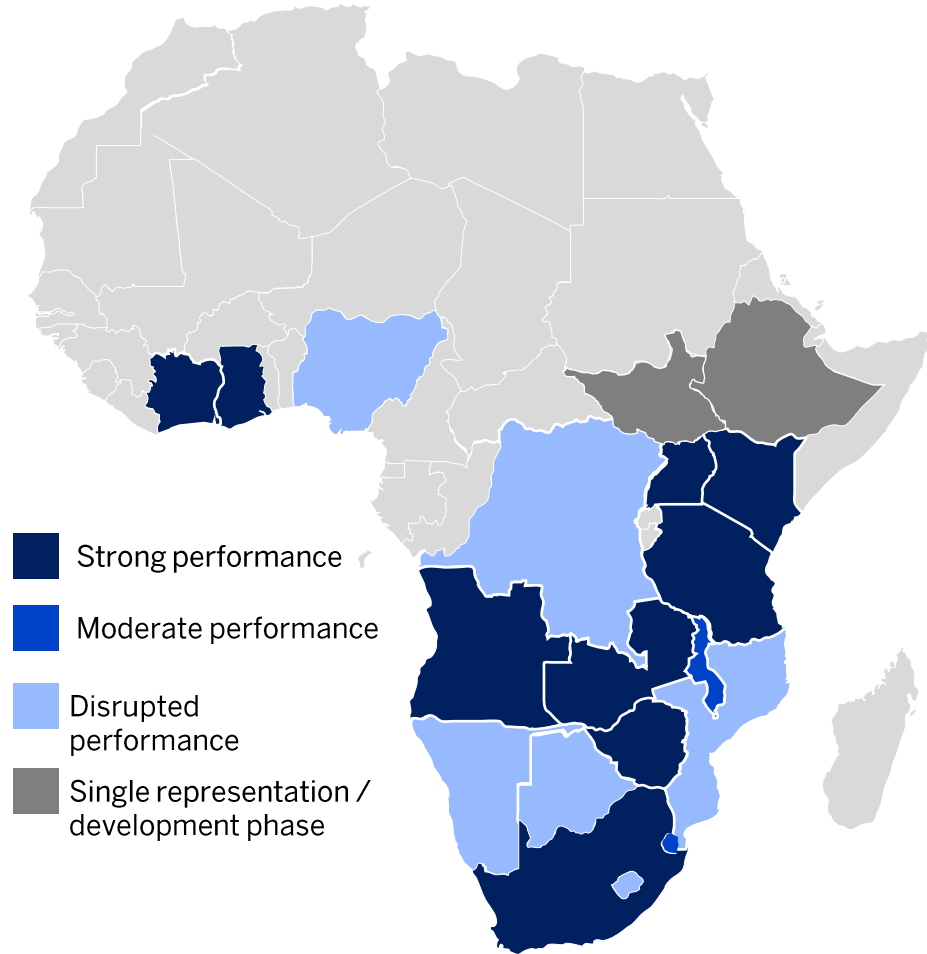
Africa Regions (CCY)

- Continued Covid-19 challenges impacted currencies
- Revenue growth reflects strong franchise and balance sheet growth
- Operating expenses impacted by high inflationary environment

¹ Regional split based on legal entity excluding international, SBSA group, pre consolidation adjustments

Africa Regions performance

Remains well above 2019 levels as the South & Central and East Regions offset a softer performance from the West Region, off a high base



	FY21 Rbn	FY20 Rbn	Change %	Change CCY %	FY19 Rbn
Headline earnings					
Africa Regions	9.0	9.2	(2)	6	8.4
East Africa ¹	1.7	1.6	10	22	1.6
South and Central Africa ²	4.1	3.6	12	8	3.6
West Africa ³	3.2	4.0	(20)	(3)	3.3

	FY21 %	FY20 %	FY19 %
Return on equity			
Africa Regions	18.2	18.8	20.7
East Africa ¹	14.7	14.2	17.0
South and Central Africa ²	20.1	14.0	20.7
West Africa ³	18.3	23.0	23.1

¹ Kenya, South Sudan, Tanzania, Uganda, ² Botswana, Eswatini, Lesotho, Malawi, Mauritius, Mozambique, Namibia, Zambia, Zimbabwe, ³ Angola, DRC, Ghana, Côte d'Ivoire, Nigeria



2.2

LIBERTY AND ICBCS



Insurance indexed new business

FY21: **R9 232m**

FY20: R7 302m

↑26%

Assets under management

FY21: **R888bn**

FY20: R776bn

↑14%

Solvency coverage ratio¹

FY21: **1.72x covered**

Target: 1.5x – 2.0x

Key takeouts

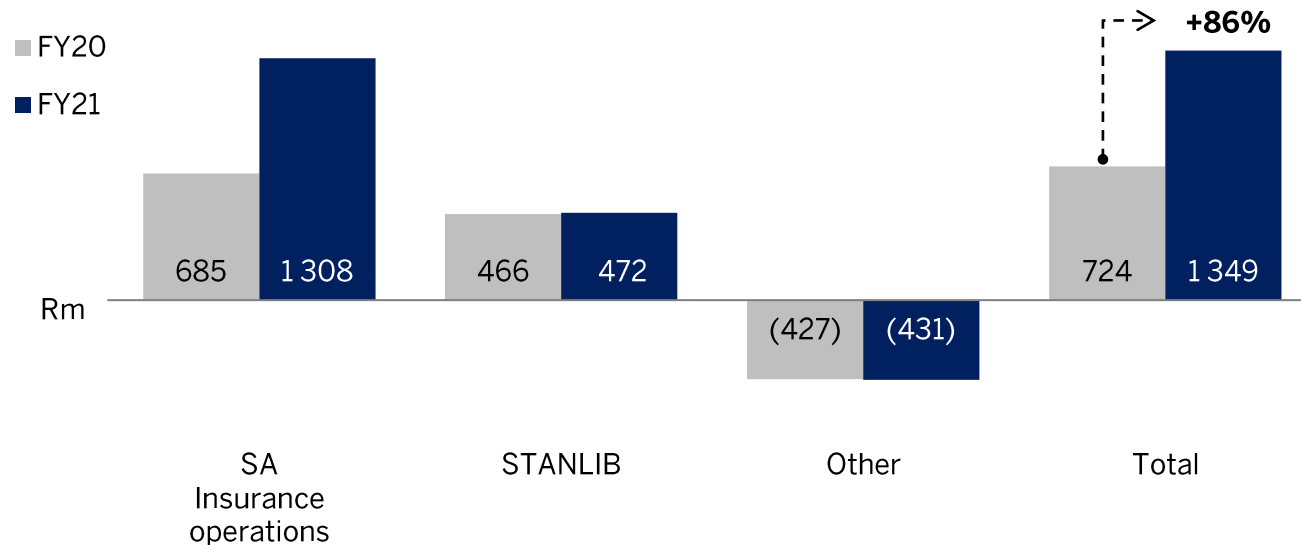
Strategic progress in terms of:

- Significantly enhancing client and adviser experience
- Delivering transparent and intuitive risk and investment solutions
- Aggressively simplifying the organisation
- Soft launch of Liberty Investment Platform and Adviser Workbench

Normalised operating earnings

- Strong growth in SA Insurance Operations earnings driven by improved persistency and assumption/ modelling changes in SA Retail and an improved LibFin Markets result on the back of less volatile markets
- Other includes R368m post-tax spend on Liberty strategic initiatives

Normalised operating earnings



¹Liberty Group Limited



	FY21 Rm	FY20 Rm	Change %
South African Insurance Operations	1 308	685	91
STANLIB South Africa	472	466	1
Africa Regions	(74)	41	(>100)
Other	(357)	(468)	24
Normalised operating earnings	1 349	724	86
Covid-19 pandemic reserve	(1 751)	(2 227)	21
Excess claims	(1 208)	(96)	(>100)
Shareholder Investment Portfolio (SIP)	1 554	27	>100
Normalised headline loss	(56)	(1 572)	96
IFRS adjustments	(56)	33	(>100)
IFRS headline loss	(112)	(1 539)	93
SBG share of IFRS headline loss	(64)	(880)	93
Treasury share adjustment ¹	(355)	229	(>100)
Headline loss attributable to SBG	(419)	(651)	36

Key takeouts

Covid-19 pandemic impact

- The 2nd and 3rd waves of infection were worse than expected, resulting in excess death claims
- This drove top ups of the pandemic reserve (R1.8bn) and excess pandemic-related risk claims (R1.2bn)

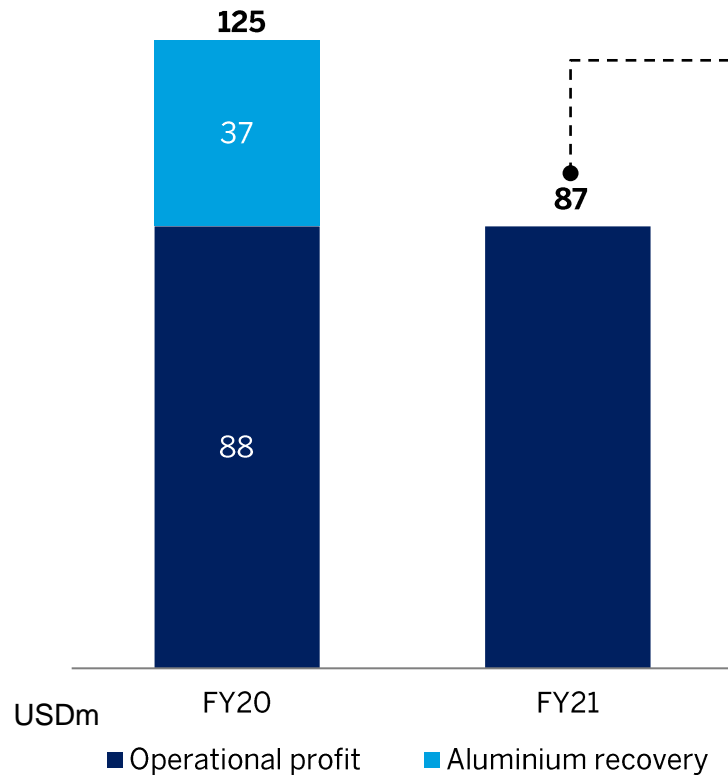
Shareholder Investment Portfolio

- Performance improved significantly supported by improved SA and global financial market conditions

¹ Driven by change in SBK share price and number of shares. Share price as at 31 December 2020, R127.08, and as at 31 December 2021, R140.01



ICBCS FY21 performance, USDm



SBG's share of earnings

	FY21	FY20
ICBCS earnings, USDm	87	125
@ % stake	40%	40%
SBG attributable earnings, USDm	35	50
ZAR/USD ¹	14.4	17.6
SBG attributable earnings, Rm	500	881

Key takeouts

- **Franchise performance** - increased client financing and activity volumes led to improved operational performance
- **FY20 insurance recovery** - in the prior period, ICBCS received an insurance pay-out in relation to a legacy base metal claim
- **Currency impact** - SBG's attributable earnings was dampened on translation by the stronger ZAR period on period
- **FY22 insurance recovery** - ICBCS received an insurance settlement equating to USD200m in January 2022; SBK's share equates to approximately R1.2bn
- **Russia/Ukraine impact** – due to the uncertainties and fluid nature of the situation, it is not possible to assess the direct or indirect impact at this stage

¹Represents the effective exchange rate from converting monthly ICBCS results to ZAR



2.3

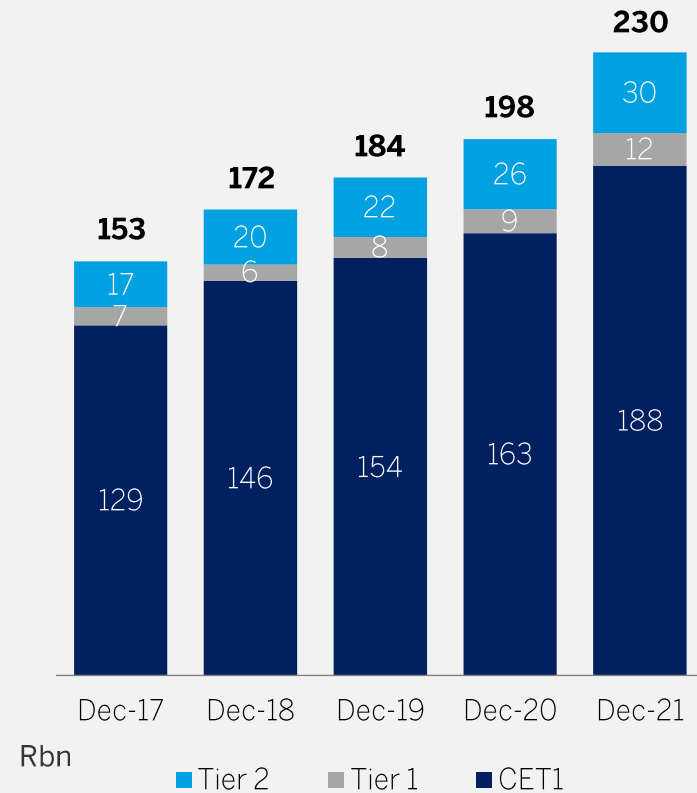
CAPITAL & RETURNS

Capital and liquidity

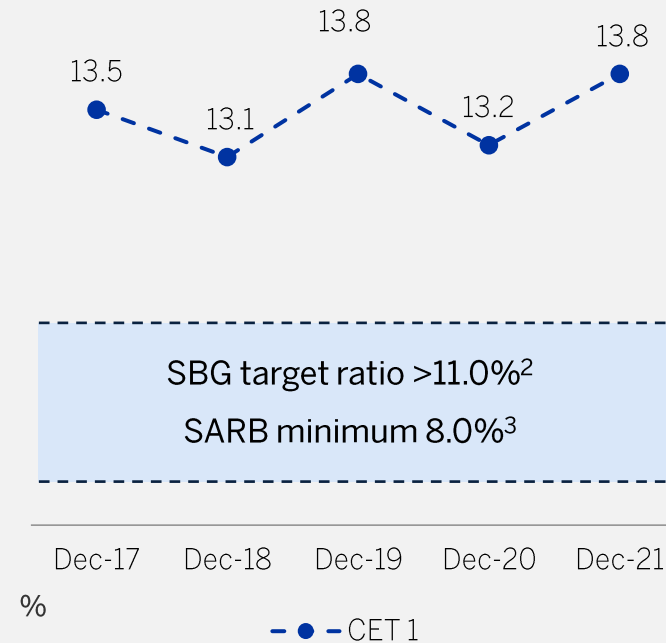
Strong capital generation, supported by a 13% increased in NAV, increasing AT1 and Tier II contribution, and robust liquidity position



Capital¹

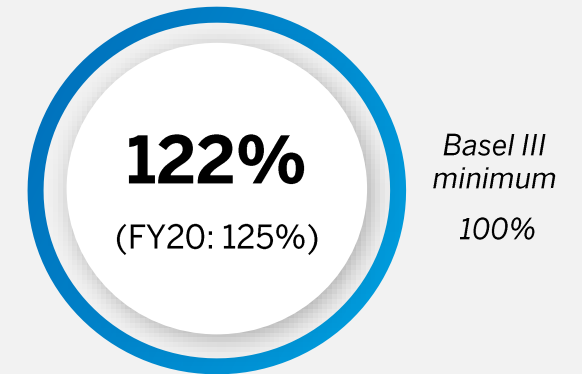


Capital adequacy¹

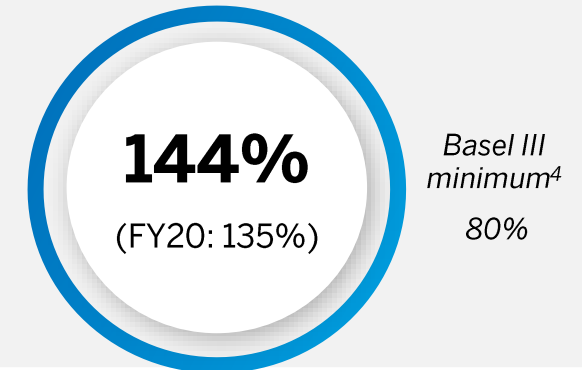


Liquidity

Net stable funding ratio



Liquidity coverage ratio



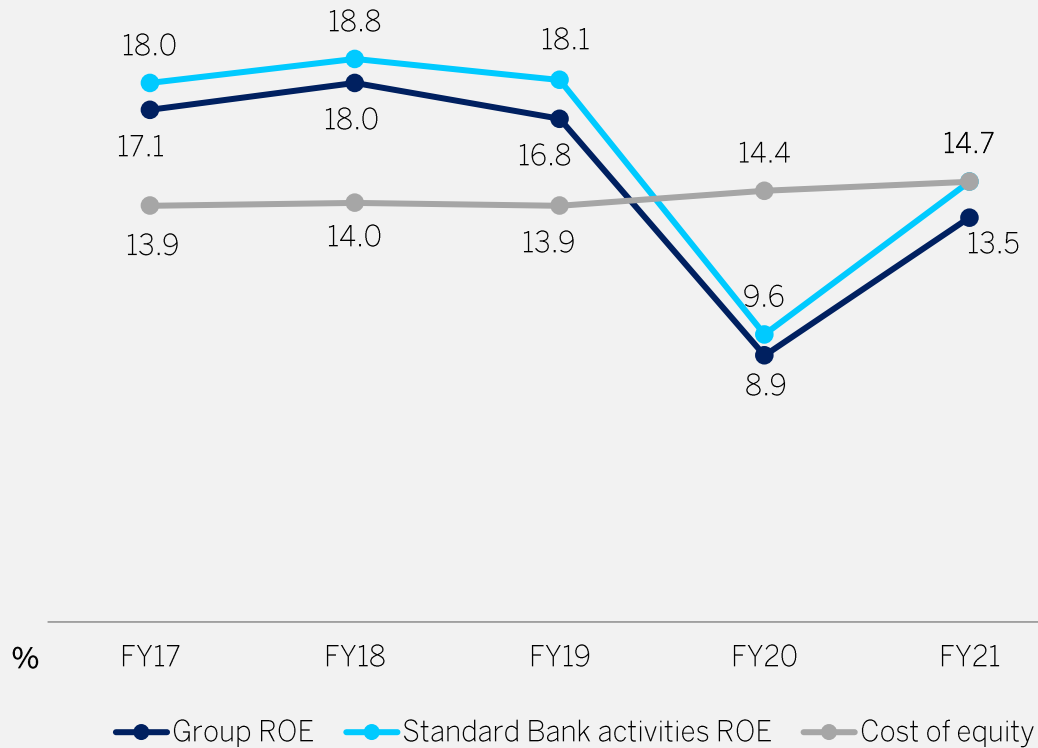
¹Including unappropriated profits and on a fully-loaded basis from 2018, ²Recalibrated, inclusive of Pillar 2A requirements that will be reinstated by the Prudential Authority from 1 January 2022, ³Pillar 2A buffer requirements temporarily removed in response to the Covid-19 pandemic, ⁴Based on temporarily revised SARB requirement; increased to 90% from 1 January 2022

Returns and dividends

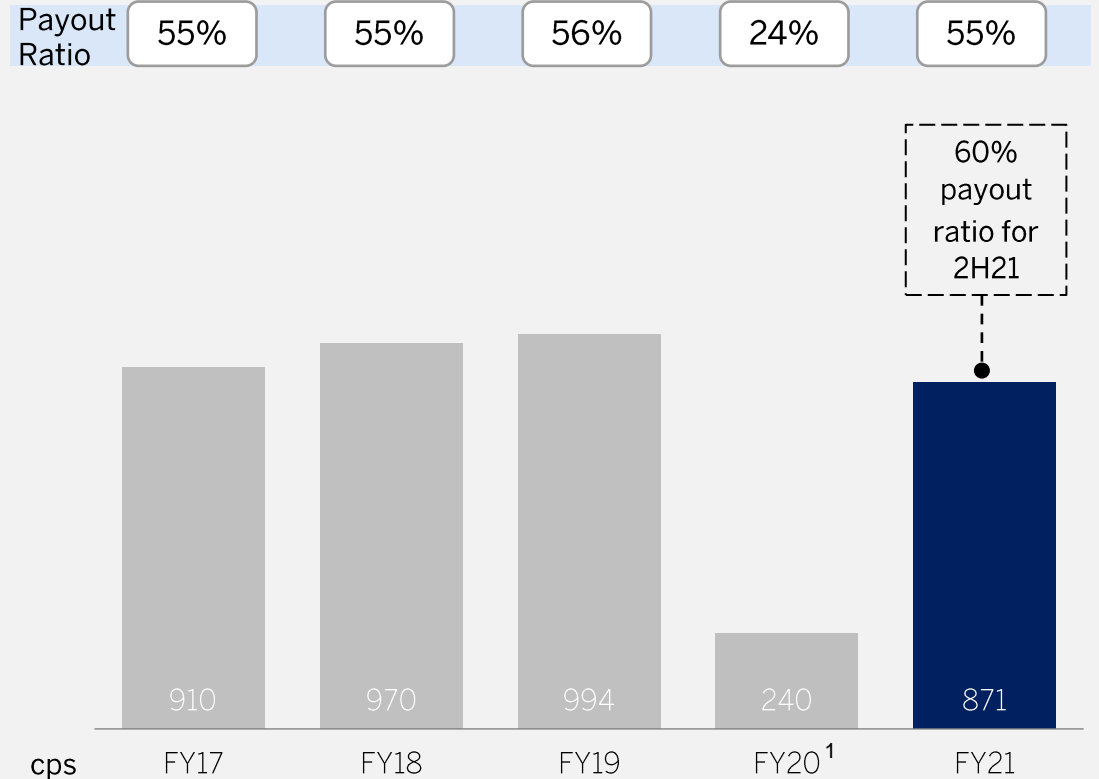
ROE recovering and dividend payout was restored to pre-pandemic levels



Return on equity and cost of equity



Dividend per share



¹No 1H20 interim dividend paid as directed by the SARB. Resumed dividends post the lifting of the restrictions, paid a final FY20 dividend in April 2021



03

LOOKING
FORWARD

2022 – Macro outlook

The beginning of the end of the pandemic and pent-up consumer demand provide a positive backdrop, however geopolitical developments are a risk



Global growth to remain above trend, financing conditions to tighten and inflation to fade¹

- Global growth 4.4%, sub-Saharan Africa 3.7% and South Africa 2.0%²

Sub-Saharan Africa

- Debt levels are high, need to balance fighting inflation and supporting the economic recovery
- Broad hawkish bias for monetary policy - tightening expected in Botswana, Eswatini, Ghana, Lesotho, Mauritius, Namibia, South Africa, Uganda and Zambia and Angola

South Africa

- Tentative cyclical recovery, subject to the external environment
- Real GDP growth of 2.0% in 2022 and 1.8% in 2023
- Inflation expected to moderate over the year, averaging 5.2% and 4.4% in 2022 and 2023 respectively
- Gradual rate hike cycle +25bps in Jan-22, expect a further 3 x 25bps in 2022 and 2 x 25bps in 2023
- A commitment to fiscal prudence, but require institutional and structural reforms to accelerate growth

¹ Subject to developments in Russia and Ukraine and the broader implications of actions taken, ² IMF (January 2022) and Standard Bank Research, (31 January 2022)

FY22 – SBG guidance

Growing franchise, rising interest rates and normalising credit impairment charges all positive



Key drivers	FY22	SBG 2025
Net interest margin	Endowment tailwind ¹	+40bps – 60bps, relative to FY20 NIM
Efficiency	Positive jaws	Consistently positive jaws, supporting a CTI ratio approaching 50%
Credit loss ratio	Lower end of our TTC ² range 70bps – 100bps	Within our TTC ² range 70bps – 100bps
ROE	Above COE	17% - 20%
CET1 ratio	>11.0%	>11.0%
Dividend payout ratio	45% - 60%	45% - 60%

¹ SBSA, 25bps increase equates to approximately R390m NII annualised, ² Through-the-cycle



04

DRIVING SUSTAINABLE GROWTH AND VALUE

Africa is our home we drive her growth

Driving sustainable growth and value



Driving impactful innovation in Africa

Incubating new disruptive business solutions to solve local problems



Enabling a just transition for Africa

Purposefully responding to the opportunities presented by climate change, while managing the associated risks



Creating value for all our stakeholders

Delivering value to clients, employees, suppliers, regulators & tax authorities, communities and shareholders



Delivering a positive impact

A commercial imperative, embedded in our strategy, and key to delivering long-term value



¹Based on Standard Bank Group income less credit impairments and benefits due to policyholders

Lots to be proud of and build on in 2022



2021 strategic progress

- 1 Core franchise growth
- 2 Scaling of new business opportunities
- 3 Diligent resource prioritisation

2022 focus areas

- 1 Delivery against our 2025 targets
- 2 Liberty integration
- 3 Leverage and capital optimisation



Standard Bank wins big at the World's Best Digital Bank Awards 2021.

Ts&Cs apply. Auth FSP 11287 and credit provider NCRCP15.



IT CAN BE™



**YOU DON'T
JUST BECOME**

**AFRICA'S MOST
VALUABLE BANK BRAND.**

You earn it.

*Based on Brand Finance Top 500 Most Valuable Brands 2022.

Standard Bank *IT CAN BE*™



A1

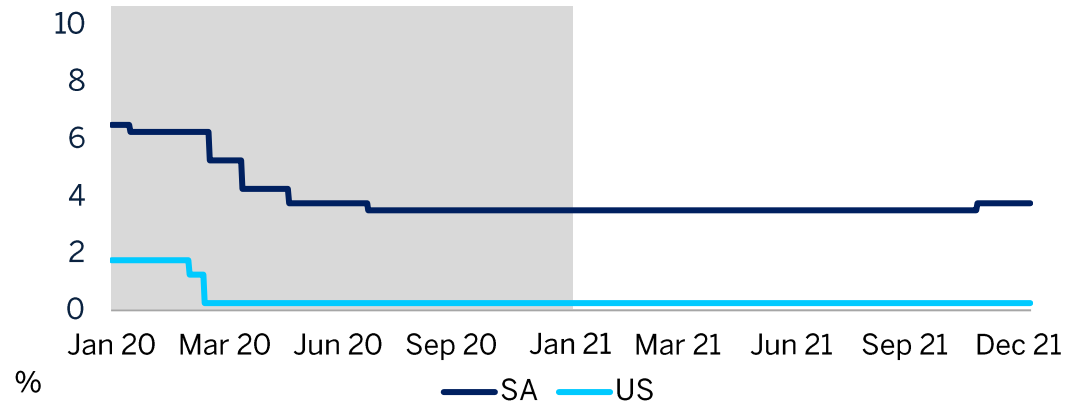
APPENDIX

Interest rates

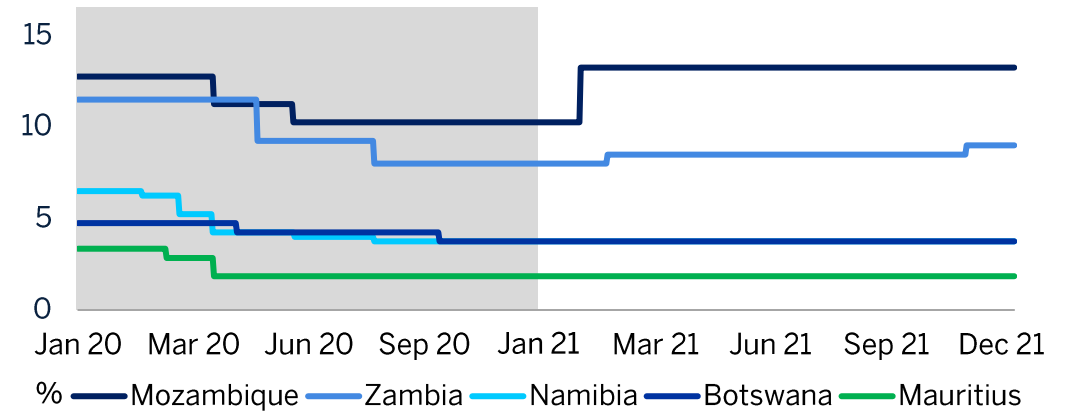
Higher interest rates in SA, Mozambique and Zambia, lower interest rates in Uganda



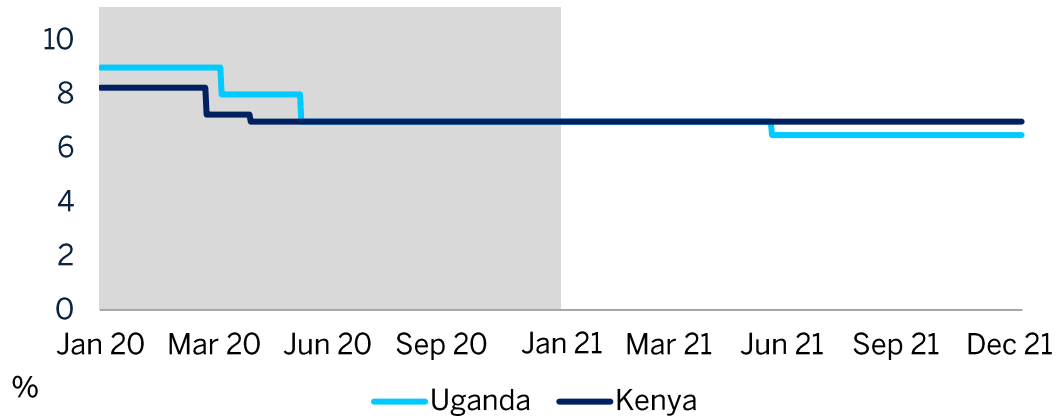
South Africa and International¹



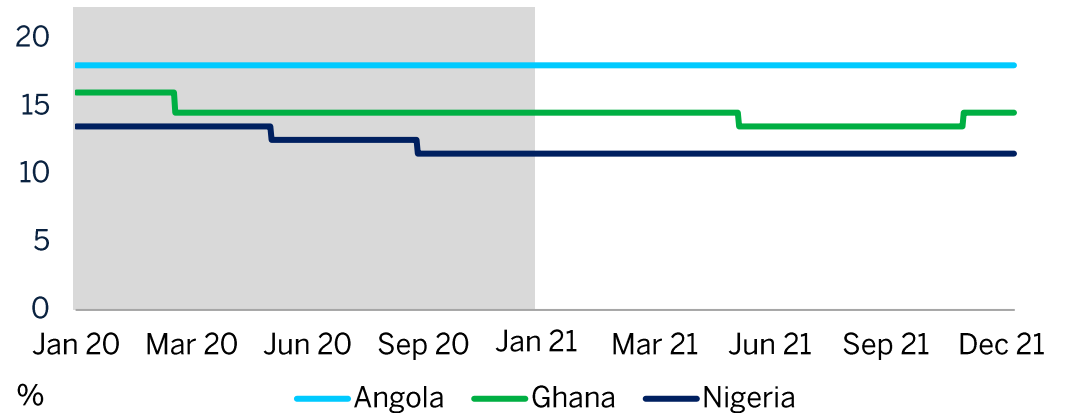
South and Central Africa



East Africa



West Africa



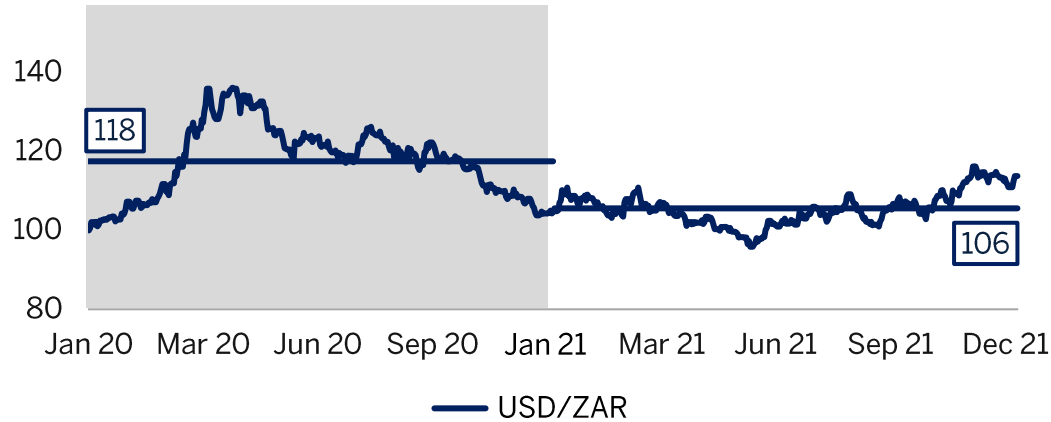
¹ Represents the US Federal Funds Target Rate, Source: Bloomberg

Currencies

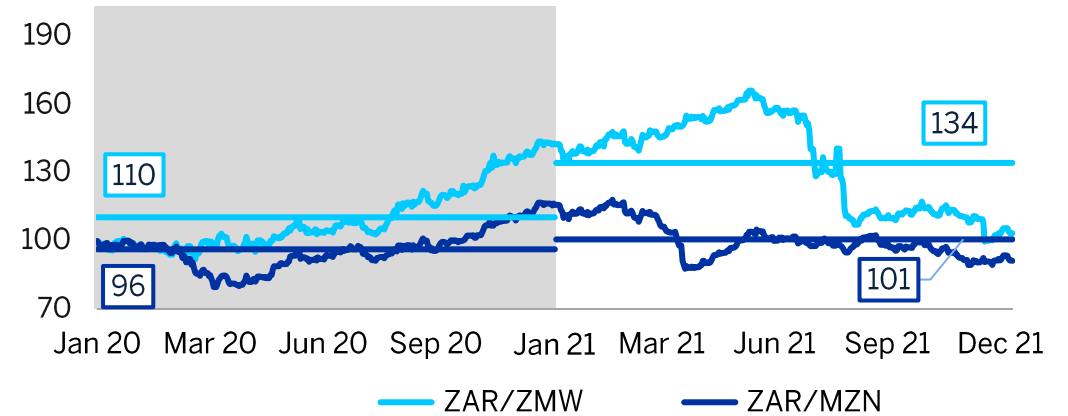
ZAR stronger on average, compared to prior year. All other currencies weaker relative to the ZAR



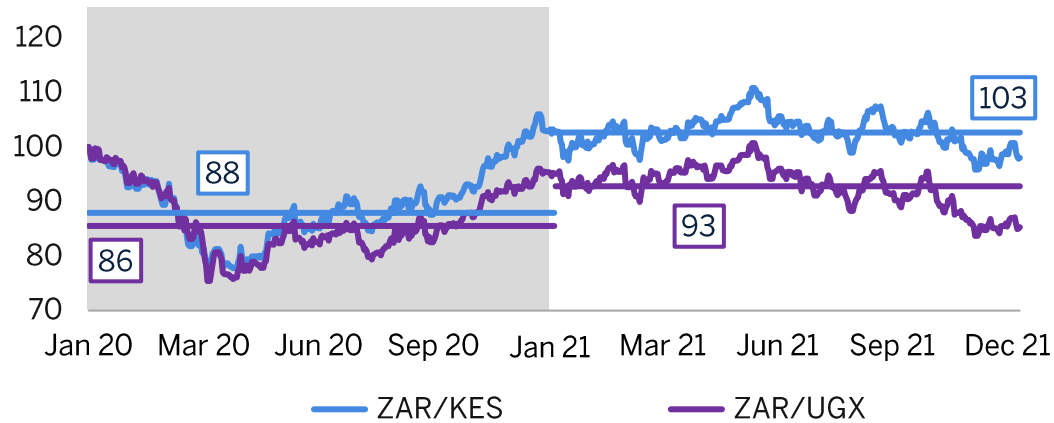
South Africa and International



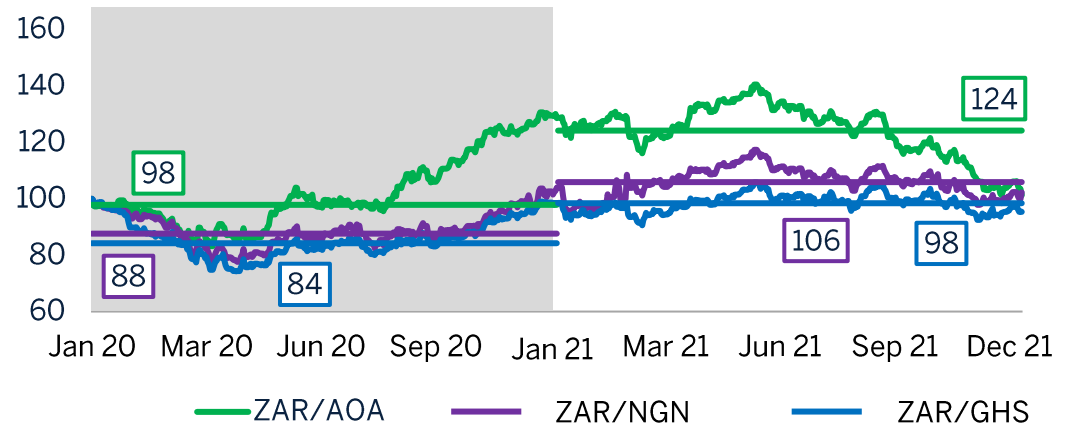
South and Central Africa



East Africa



West Africa



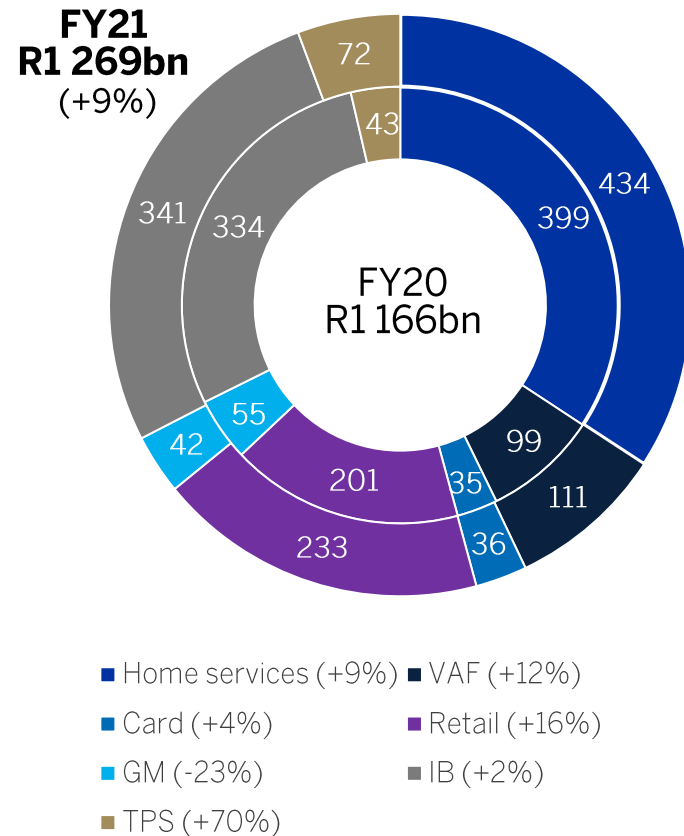
Source: Bloomberg, rates have been rebased to reflect movement from 01 January 2020

Gross loans and advances

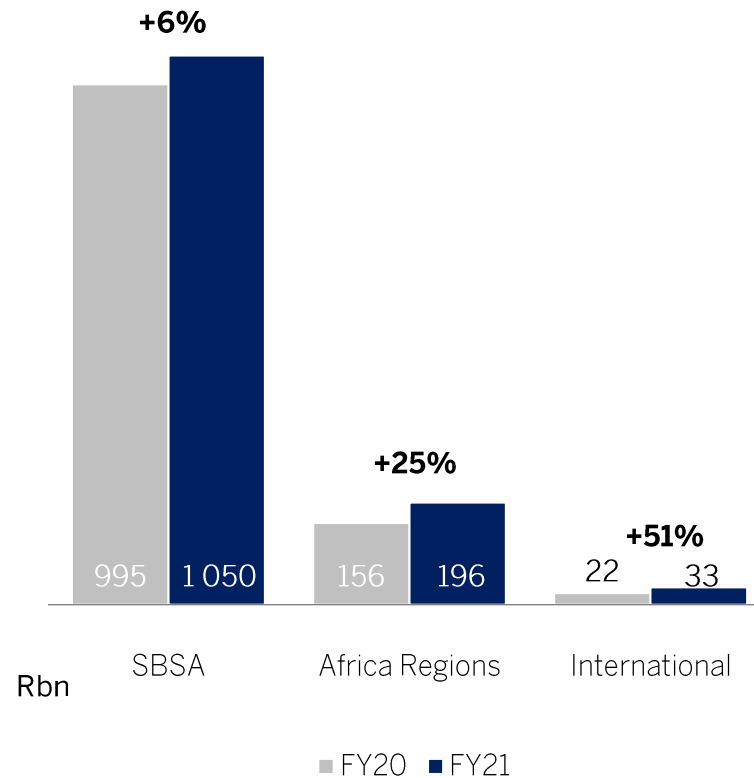
Strong growth in CHNW and BCC driven by improved sentiment and low interest rates



Gross loans to clients by product¹



Gross loans to clients by geography²



Key takeouts

Products

- Mortgages, the largest book, grew by R35bn; VAF and retail lending grew double-digits driven by an improving macroeconomic backdrop and low interest rates
- Card portfolio growth was muted in line with risk appetite
- Investment Banking ended the year flat as repayments in 1H21 were offset by strong origination in 2H21

Geographies

- In South Africa, market shares grew in mortgages (ranked #1), VAF (#4) and card (#1)
- In Africa Regions, loan growth was strong (CCY: +17%), supported by strong growth in personal unsecured and business lending

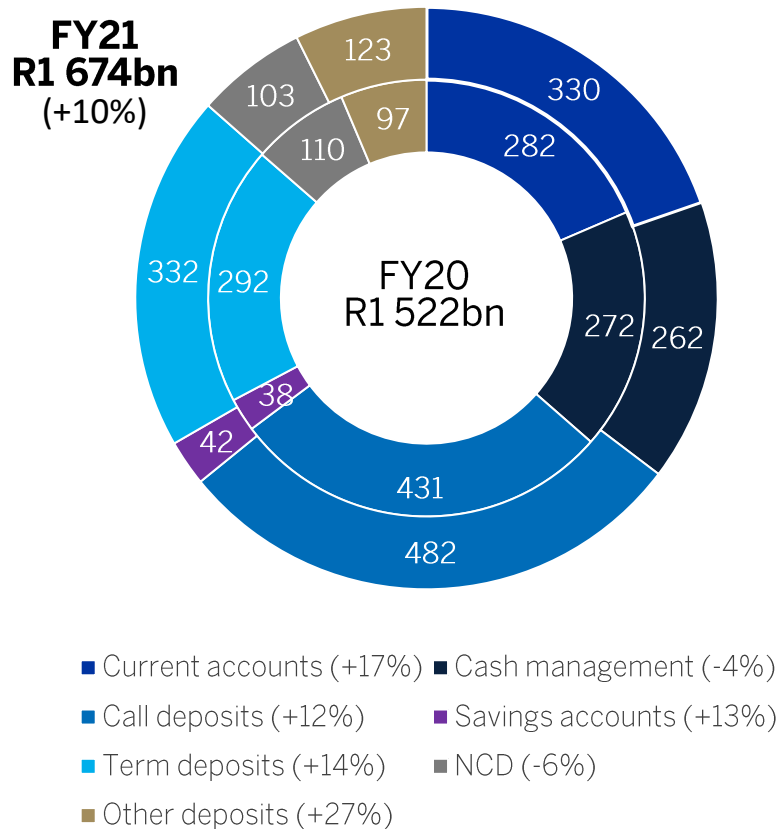
¹ Excludes centre, ² Based on legal entity view

Deposits from customers

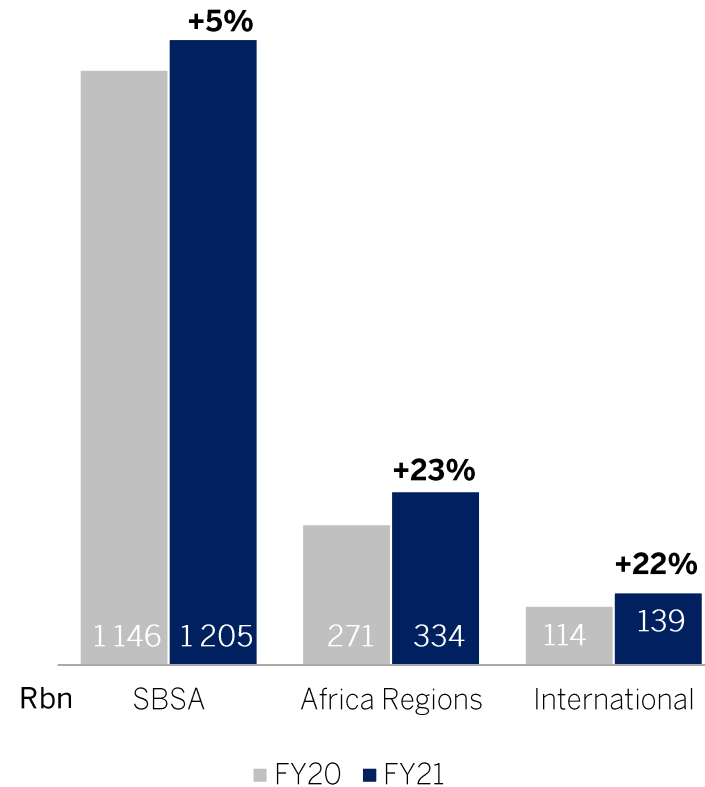
Growth in deposits driven by growth in the underlying client franchise



Deposits from customers by product¹



Deposits from customers by geography²



Key takeouts

Products

- Strong retail-priced deposit growth supported by a larger client base and targeted deposit-gathering campaigns
- Cash management deposits declined as business activity improved and cash was put to work
- Strong client segment deposit generation led to lower market-funding requirements and a decline in NCDs

Geographies

- Retained a leading market share for total deposits in South Africa
- Deposit growth in Africa Regions and International was robust, boosted by year-end currency weakness

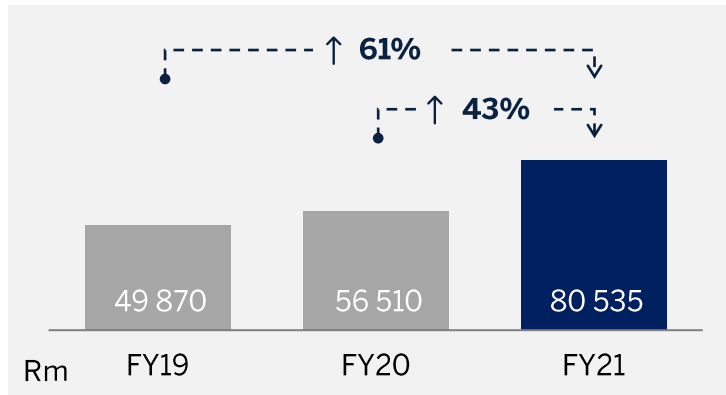
¹ Excludes centre, ² Based on legal entity view

Banking – South Africa disbursement trends

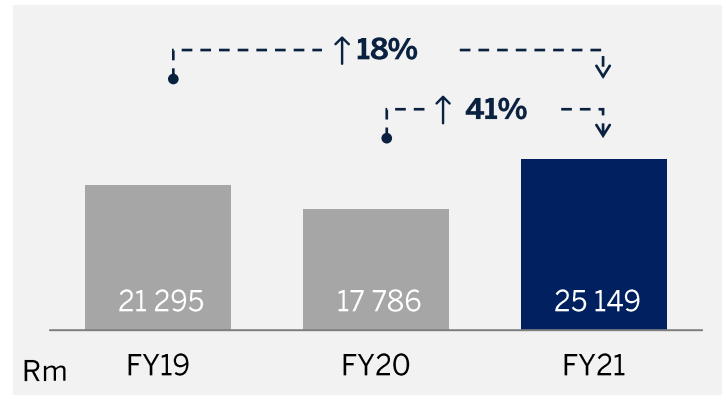
Mortgages, VAF and Business disbursements well above pre-pandemic levels, personal lending in line with 2019



Mortgage disbursements



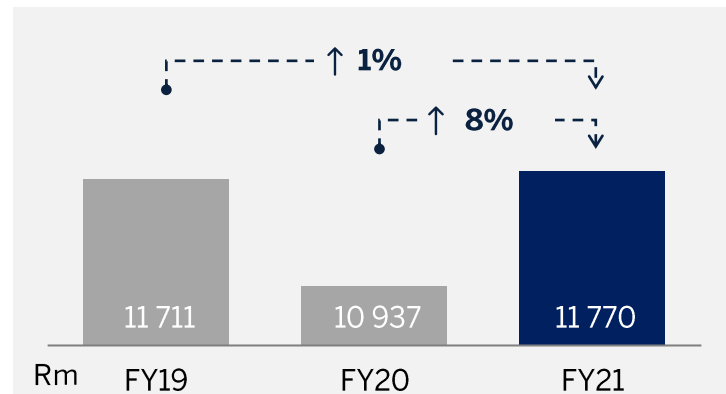
VAF¹ disbursements



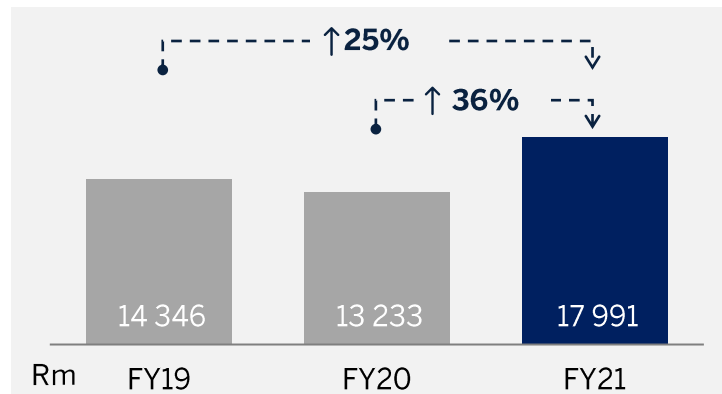
Key takeouts

- **Mortgage disbursements** - averaged R6.7bn a month in 2021; considerably above 2019 levels of R4.2bn
- **VAF disbursements** - recovered from FY20 lows; with strong demand in used cars
- **Personal lending disbursements** - grew in 2021, but was constrained by risk appetite adjustments
- **Business lending disbursements** - growth driven by Africa Regions; aided by our digital application and SME scoring capabilities

Personal lending disbursements



Business lending²



¹ Vehicle and asset finance for Consumer and High Net Worth Segment, ² Business lending excluding the SME Government Guarantee Covid Loans

Banking – customer activity¹

Activity reflects strategy to drive transactions to digital channels, increase use of card and move cash out of branch to ATMs and other partners



CHNW SA

↑ 22%

Digital volumes

↑ 20%

Card issuing²

↓ 5%

ATM

↓ 36%

Branch

CHNW AR

↑ 41%

Digital volumes

↑ 84%

Card issuing²

↓ 1%

ATM

↑ 3%

Branch

BCC SA

↑ 44%

Mobile banking

↑ 22%

Card acquiring

↑ 8%

ATM

↓ 40%

Branch

BCC AR

↑ 98%

Mobile banking

↑ 17%

Card acquiring

↓ 10%

ATM

↓ 4%

Branch

Key takeouts

Digital activity

- Transaction volumes benefited from fewer restrictions in FY21 vs FY20
- Card benefited from the increased in card-not-present and contactless transactions

Branch activity

- Ongoing decline in branch activity as clients migrate to digital channels

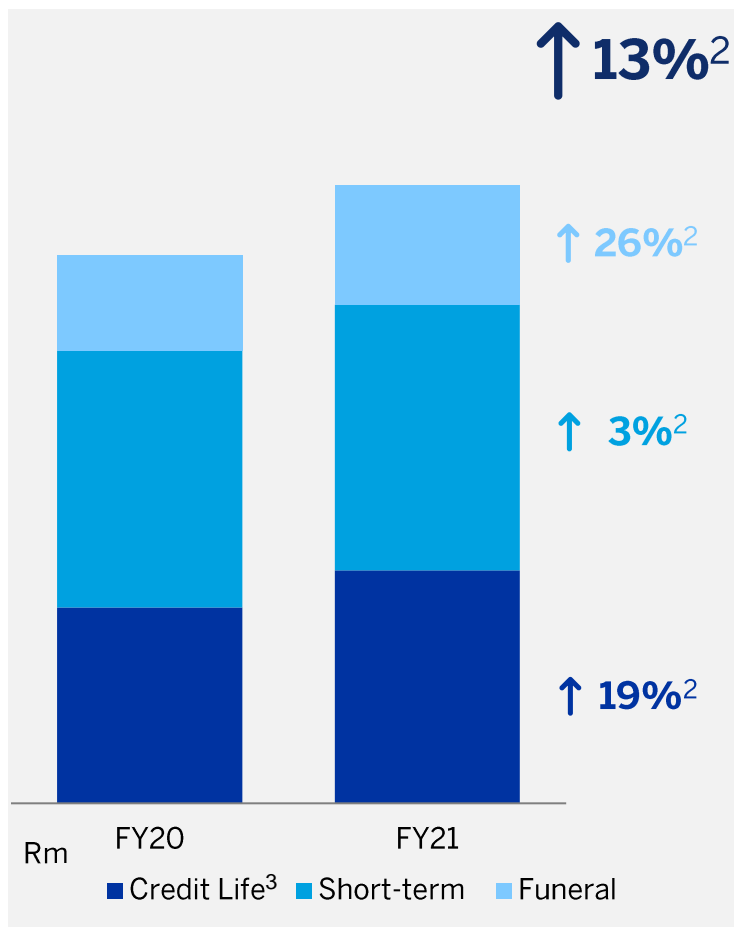
¹ Transaction volumes year on year, unless indicated otherwise, ² Turnover

Insurance – South Africa trends¹

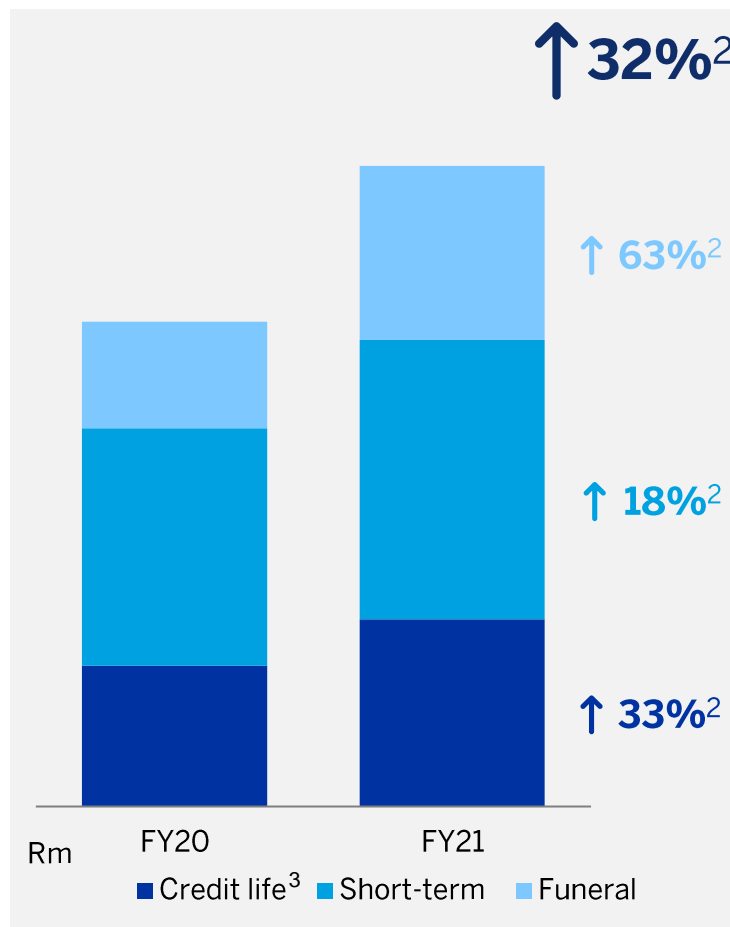
Expanded offering enabled strong GWP growth, claims elevated but remain in line with expectations



Gross written premium (FY21, R8.8bn)



Claims (FY21, R3.2bn)



Key takeouts

Gross written premium (GWP)

- GWP grew double digits, supported by annual price increases and policy base growth
- Credit life and funeral recorded strong growth; the latter driven by our flexible funeral solution

Claims

- Claims increased on the back of pandemic-related credit and funeral claims and higher short-term claims driven by increased economic activity and weather-related claims
- Retrenchment claims were down year on year and remained lower than our expectations at the beginning of the pandemic

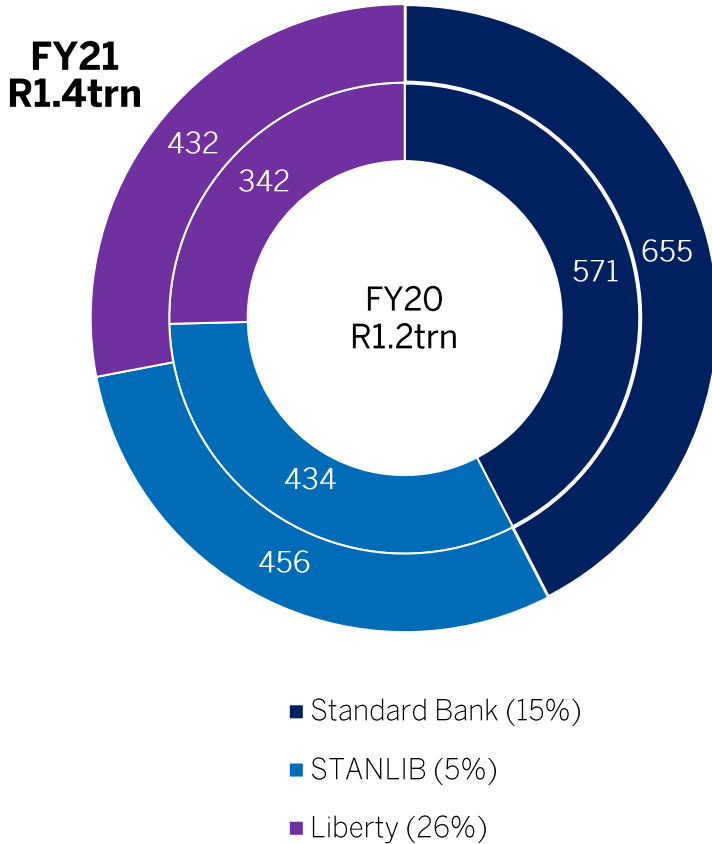
¹ Excluding Liberty, ² FY21 vs FY20, ³ Includes long-term accident and health

Investments

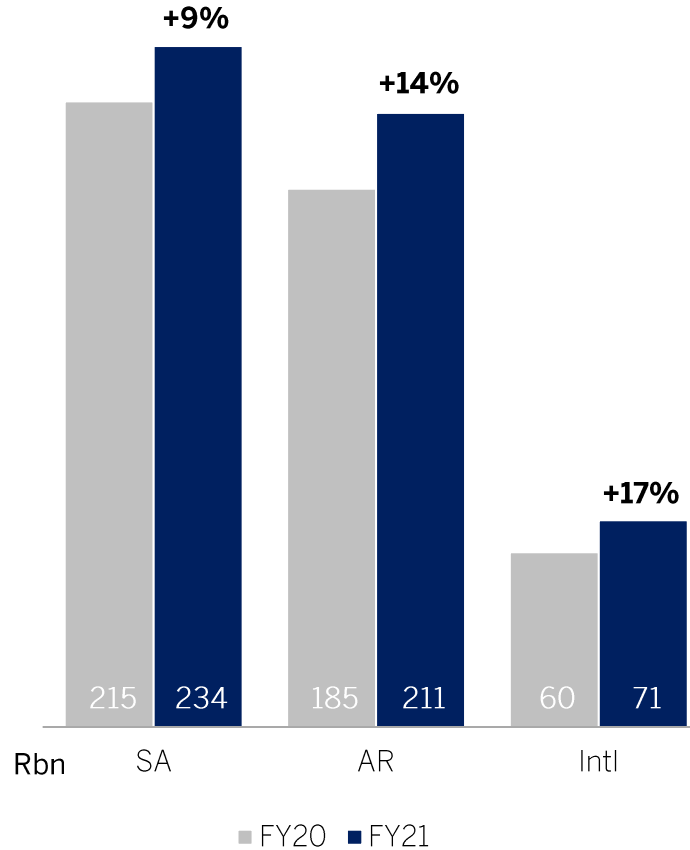
Continued growth across all three businesses and geographies, rank as a top 3 asset manager on the continent



Standard Bank Group AUM/A by business¹



Standard Bank AUM/A by geography²



Key takeouts

Businesses

- AUM grew across all three businesses, supported by positive market performance and positive net client cashflows

Geographies

- AUM grew across all three regions
- In South Africa, AUM growth was strong on the back of positive market performance and increased sales through our SBFC business
- Obtained a pension license in Mozambique and an asset management license in Uganda
- The Nigeria pension fund business retained its leading market share and the Ghana institutional business continued to record strong net client cash inflows

¹ Assets under management, Assets under Administration and international deposits; intergroup transactions eliminated, ² Standard Bank only, excluding international deposits



Standard Bank Group

FINANCIAL RESULTS PRESENTATION

FY21

11 March 2022